Nixon Still Largely Relies on Advice of 3

event, all are men who ideas and work habits are well known to Mr. Nixon—something the President likes.

No Political Background

Neither Mr. Ziegler nor General Haig nor Mr. Kissinger has any political background, however, and Republican professyet, and reputational processionals are unhappy at their apparent hegemony. Many of the professionals believe that Watergate was brought on in part by White House "amateurism."

The staff's lack of political seasoning was supposedly to have been corrected by the arrival of former Defense Secretary Melvin R. Laird, former Gov. John B. Connally of Texas and Bryce N. Harlow, probably Washington's most experienced liaison man between the executive and legislative branches.

Washington's most experienced liaison man between the executive and legislative branches. But they have not been able to break into the inner circle. Mr. Connally has agreed not to quit immediately, as he had threatened. But he still spends more time in his Mayflower Hotel room, informed sources report, than at the White House. He will be gone before the end of the year.

Mr. Harlow is just getting started. But even when he hits his stride, it does not appear that he will play a major role. One White House source explains that "Bryce says 'no' more often than the President likes to hear that word."

As for Mr. Laird, a former

Special to The New York Times

Wisconsin Representative whose judgments of political instincts are respected widely since he had been the Administration's point man in denying here, even by those who do not share his ideology, the staff system has remained essentially unchanged.

President Nixon, according to insiders, continues to rely largely on the advice.

Wisconsin Representative ziegler to leave, too, especially since he had been the Administration's point man in denying watergate charges that have since been proved true.

With Nixon in Crisis Instead

gate scandal, the White House staff system has remained essentially unchanged.

President Nixon, according to insiders, continues to rely largely on the advice of three men. Before the resignations of April 30, they were H. R. Haldeman, John D. Ehrlichman and Henry A. Kissinger. Now they are Gen. Alexander M. Haig Jr., Ronald L. Ziegler and Mr. Kissinger.

Mr. Nixon has begun to meet more regularly with his Cabinet and to see a greater variety of members of Congress more fremens of Congress more from the is thus less vulnerable to charge of isolation.

Senator Charles H. Percy of Illinois, who for four years was hard put to win a White House appointment—and who showed up on one "enemies list"—is among those speaking favorably of a new White House accessibility.

But in making key decisions, the President listens principally of the counsel of a trio of men, as before. Critics argue that their common trait is obsequiousness; defenders of the Administration speak of their loyalty and work habits are well known to Mr. Nixon—some-

Dr. Blake Asserts White House Aimed At Church Leaders

The leaders of every Protestant denomination in the country have been treated as "enemies" by the White House for the last three years, one of those leaders contended yesterday.

The contention was made by the Rev. Dr. Eugene Carson Blake, retired general secre-tary of the World Council of Churches and former chief executive officer of the United Presbyterian Church.

Presbyterian Church.

Preaching at the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church at 55th Street, Dr. Blake said the White House doors had been shut to "main line" churches since 1970, and "our leadership in the churches attacked openly and doubtless covertly as well."

Dr. Blake maintained that the basis of the Nixon Administration's antipathy toward most of the nation's top religious leaders was their opposition to the war in Vietnam.

And the major church groups were unable to be a positive and effective force for peace and justice, he said, because Government propaganda had persuaded churchgoers that Vietnam was a political matter. Dr. Blake told the congregation he realized that "some of you believe that the church should stay out of politics." He added:

added:
"That is, of course, the position of all the totalitarian countries of both left and right. But in our best American tradifion, the churches must be kept free to witness to right and wrong, however unpopular that witness may be."