Aide Reports Burger Unaware Of Lobbying on Product Safety

By FRED P. GRAHAM OCT 1 4 1972 NYTimes Special to The New York Times WASHINGTON, Oct. 13-One is now nearing enactment.

of Chief Justice Warren E. Bur-Mr. Kirks said he considered ger's top administrative aides the visit a routine effort to indeclared today that he acted form Congress of the impact of without the Chief Justice's its bills upon the courts, and knowledge when he accompa-added that Chief Justice Burger nied a lawyer-lobbyist in an did not learn about it until it effort to persuade Representa- was reported in the press last tive Carl Albert, the Democrat- week. ic Speaker of the House, to nar-

He said Mr. Corcoran, who row the legal remedies in a is widely known as "Tommy pending product safety bill. Rowland F. Kirks, the chief New York lawyer, suggested

BURGER AIDE SAYS HE ACTED ALONE

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the visit to Mr. Albert. Key Congressmen reported last week Congressmen reported last week that at about the same time, Mr. Corcoran was using Chief Justice Burger's name and quo-tations from his speeches in memorandums to Congressmen, calling for defeat of the bill this year. Today Chief Justice Burger released a letter to Mr. Albert in which he declared that he had no position for or against

in which he declared that he had no position for or against the proposed product safety legislation, and that no speech of his "can rationally be con-strued" as taking sides on con-sumer bills. Calling the measure "purely a matter for Congress," the Chief Justice said that neither he nor the administrative office

Chief Justice said that neither he nor the administrative office headed by Mr. Kirks had any position on it. "However, I do have, and always will have a strong view that when the Congress consid-ers legislation that will add a substantial volume of cases in the Federal courts the Congress should also provide the means to handle those cases," he said. He added that new rights "can-not have real meaning if the litigants must wait endlessly for litigants must wait endlessly for recovery."

Asked Impact Statement

Chief Justice Burger quoted Chief Justice Burger quoted a passage from the speech to the American Bar Association last August, in which he called upon Congress to prepare with each bill creating new rights to sue in United States courts a "court impact statement," estimating the number of new judges that will be required. It was this passage that Mr. Corcoran quoted in urging Con-gress not to pass the bill on the ground that no study of its impact upon the courts had

the ground that ho study of its impact upon the courts had been made. The bill, which is designed to protect consumers from dan-gerous products, was subse-quently watered down slightly quently watered down signify to narow the range of consum-er cases that can be brought in Federal courts, but it now seems likely to be enacted be-fore Congress adjourns. Neither Mr. Corcoran nor Mr.

Neither Mr. Corcoran nor Mr. Kirks have been available to the press since the incident came to light, but Mr. Albert said that Mr. Corcoran had argued that the bill would overburden the courts with new cases. He said Mr. Kirks verified this as a representative of the judicial branch, but that Chief Justice Burger's name was not specifically mentioned.

of the administrative office of the United States courts, said Continued on Page 18, Column 6 in a statement that he went to intercede with Mr. Albert with Thomas G. Corcoran, a Washington lawyer who represents major drug interests, after Mr. Corcoran had pointed out that the bill could overburden the Federal courts with new cases. The drug industry was leading the fight against the bill, which