Nixon Is Still Weighing Another Troop Reduction

NYTimes by Bernard Gwertzman APR 2 5 1972 Special to The New York Time

Vietnam.

Several Congressmen and Senators angrily denounced the letter, even before most of them had received their copies. The White House, late in the day, joined the attack. Gerald L. Warren, the deputy press secretary, said, "I think members of Congress have every right to express outrage."

'Overplaying' Its Hand

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"This presumptuous effort to inject herself into the American political proces is folly on her part," Mr. Warren said. "The enemy is overplaying its propaganda hand. Its leaders obviously do not understand our system. Members of Congress are elected to represent the American people and to be responsive to the American people, and not to be responsive to the American people, and not to be responsive to the propaganda ploys of the enemy, we feel this arrogant effort by Mrs. Binh won't work because American Congressmen understand their responsibility."

In Paris this morning a Vietcong spokesman said Mrs. Binh's letter was sent to Congressmen by mail. It said, in progress in the Central Highlands area.

Since the Hanol offensive began, Administration spokesmen have said that the President has ruled out the reintroduction of American ground forces in Vietnam. They have hedged on whether Mr. Nixon would make any further cuts once the 69,000 level was reached.

Of that total only about 6,000 will be combat troops. Some of ficials fear that a further withdrawal announcement might cause the South Vietnamese severe morale problems. But failure by Mr. Nixon to make another cut could lead to charges here that his Vietnamese here have said that the President has ruled out the reintroduction of American pround forces in Vietnam. They have hedged on whether Mr. Nixon would make any further cuts once the condition of American pround forces in Vietname. They have hedged on whether Mr. Nixon would make any further cuts once the condition of American pround forces in Vietnamese.

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Administration officials said In Paris this morning a Vietcong spokesman said Mrs. Binh's letter was sent to Congressmen by mail. It said, in part, "According to the U.S. Constitution, the Congress has the power to decide on the question of war and peace. Therefore, I urge you to stop President Nixon in taking an adventurous path wrought with unpredictable consequences." Administration officials said that Mr. Nixon had been meeting with three aides—Henry A. Kissinger, his advisor on national security, John D. Ehrlichman, domestic affairs adviser, and H. R. Haldeman, the White House's chief coordinator—on what to do about the number of troops in Vietnam.

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Mr. Nixon has also solicited recommendations from Saigon on whether it would be prudent to make any cuts in American troops beyond the total of 69,000 due to be reached May I. Another Announcement Pledged When Mr. Nixon made his last troop-reduction announcement, Jan. 13, he said the level of 69,000 would be reached by May I and that another announcement would be made because of the condition o

May 1 and that another announcement would be made before that date "with regard to a further withdrawal."

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, April 24—
President Nixon continued to deliberate today over whether he should order further troop cuts or suspend the withdrawal of United States ground troops from South Vietnam in light of the North Vietnam offensive there.

For a fourth consecutive day, Mr. Nixon remained at Camp David, in nearby Maryland, meeting with only a few close advisers and mulling the political and international implications of his Vietnam moves.

As the capital awaited the President's decision, a furor developed over reports from Paris that Mrs. Nguyen Thi Binh, the chief Vietcong negotiator, had sent a letter to members of Congress urging them to use their constitutional powers to end American involvement in Vietnam.

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The United States command in Saigon announced today that in Saigo