

5 Members Demand Azores Pact Go to the Senate

By MARJORIE HUNTER

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16 —

Five prominent Senators demanded today that the Nixon Administration seek Senate approval of a recent agreement under which economic aid would be given to Portugal in return for continued United States use of military bases in the Azores.

Declaring that the time had come for the Senate to "reassert itself in the treaty-making area," the three Democrats and two Republicans introduced a resolution that would declare these points to be "the sense of the Senate."

That any new agreement with Portugal for military bases or foreign assistance be submitted as a treaty to the Senate for advice and consent.

That no economic assistance be furnished to Portugal without affirmative action by both houses of Congress.

The resolution was sponsored by Clifford P. Case of New Jer-

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GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Meets at 10:30 A.M. and 3 P.M.

Political and Security Committee—10:30 A.M. and 3 P.M.

Administrative and Budgetary Committee—3 P.M. and 8 P.M.

Credentials Committee—10 A.M.

Tickets may be obtained at the public desk, main lobby, United Nations Headquarters. Tours: 9:15 A.M. to 4:45 P.M.

sey and Jacob K. Javits of New York, both Republicans; J. W. Fulbright of Arkansas, Stuart Symington of Missouri and Frank Church of Idaho, Democrats.

Terms of the agreement with Portugal were disclosed by the State Department last Friday, just two days before President

Nixon flew to the Azores for conferences with President Pompidou of France and Premier Marcello Caetano of Portugal on the international monetary crisis.

Under the arrangement, the Administration agreed to finance economic development in Portugal with American-produced equipment, to provide loans for farm commodities, to grant funds for education and to lease an oceanographic ship without charge.

State Department officials described the accord as an executive agreement, not subject to Congressional action.

In offering the resolution today, Senator Case said that framers of the Constitution "did not mention that the executive could skirt Senatorial approval by simply calling a pact with a foreign Government an executive agreement."

"I believe the Senate should reassert itself in this treaty-making area," he declared.