District Judge Bars Delay In Aleutian Nuclear Blast

By E. W. KENWORTHY Special to The New York Time

island of Amchitka in the

Aleutian chain.

sponsibility and six other en-vironmental organizations, said vironmental organizations, said he would appeal to the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit as soon as District Judge George L. Hart filed his order denying a preliminary injunction.

The Court of Appeals is extended not been satisfied by the

the State Department indicated today that the test would take place by Thursday. It gave notice that under the 1958 Geneval Convention on the Torribation of the act had not been satisfied by the A.E.C.

Dispute Over Documents

At the hearing this morning, Judge Hart ordered the A.E.C.

Act when it filed an environ-mental impact statement with the Council on Environmental Quality, a White House office, last June.

It said that President Nixon had from public view.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1—A approved the test, as required by Congress, and it was in "no position to consider or appraise the national security aspects of the test underlying the President of the test as required by Congress, and it was in "no position to consider or appraise the test, as required by Congress, and it was in "no position to consider or appraise the test, as required by Congress, and it was in "no position to consider or appraise the test, as required by Congress, and it was in "no position to consider or appraise the test, as required by Congress, and it was in "no position to consider or appraise the test, as required by Congress, and it was in "no position to consider or appraise the test, as required by Congress, and it was in "no position to consider or appraise the test, as required by Congress, and it was in "no position to consider or appraise the test, as required by Congress, and it was in "no position to consider or appraise the test, as required by Congress, and it was in "no position to consider or appraise the test, as required by Congress, and it was in "no position to consider or appraise the test, as required by Congress, and it was in "no position to consider or appraise the test, as required by Congress, and it was in "no position to consider or appraise the test, as required by Congress, and it was in "no position to consider or appraise the test, as required by Congress, and it was in "no position to consider or appraise the test, as required by Congress, and it was in "no position to consider or appraise the test, as required by Congress, and it was in "no position to consider or appraise the test, as required by Congress, and it was in "no position to consider or appraise the test, as required by Congress, and it was in "no position to consider or appraise the " derground nuclear explosion the test underlying the Presi-

But the Court of Appeals also said that "approval by the President and compliance with David L. Sive, attorney for President and compliance with the Committee for Nuclear Reicy Act are two separate statu-tory requirements which must be satisfied if the test is to be

today that the test would take place by Thursday. It gave notice that under the 1958 Geneva Convention on the Territorial Sea and the Contiguous Zone, "innocent passage within three miles of Amchitka" would be suspended from Nov. 2 to Nov. 4, "due to U.S. Atomic Energy Commission experiment."

A spokesman for the Atomic Energy Commission said tonight, "We'll be ready for the blast by Friday." But he added that it would not necessarily occur that day.

The basis of Mr. Sive's motion for the injunction was the allegation that the Atomic Energy Commission had not fulfilled the requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act when it filed an environmental impact statement with the Council on Environmental the Council on the potentially dangerous effects of the blast, including the creation of a seismic sea wave and destruction of wildlife.

Mr. Sive said he would also appeal to the Court of Appeals the order denying his inspection of some of the withheld documents.

Late in August, Judge Hart ordered the A.E.C. to deliver to Mr. Sive some of the official documents were withheld. Mr. Sive had alleged that the documents contained information on the potentially dangerous effects of the blast, including the creation of a seismic sea wave and destruction of wildlife.

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Late in August, Judge Hart ordered the A.E.C. to deliver to Mr. Sive some of the official documents that he had requested, but some other documents were withheld. Mr. Sive had alleged that the documents on the potentially dangerous effects of the blast, including the creation of a seismic sea wave and destruction of wildlife.

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mental impact statement with the Council on Environmental Quality, a White House office, last June.

Mr. Sive contended that the law required that an environmental impact statement by any Federal agency on a proposed action should include all competent scientific opinion, including the views of scientists opposing the action.

The Amchitka explosion is to be a test of a five megaton nuclear warhead for the Spartan antimissile.

Judge Finds No Proof

Mr. Sive alleged that the A.E.C. had not incorporated in its statement competent opinion on the environmental hazards of exploding a device with the force of five million tons of TNT, but only the view of those who regarded the damages as minimal.

With some heat, Judge Hart said today that he was denying the motion because the environmental organizations had not shown that the A.E.C. had withheld information as possibly adverse environmental effects.

Last week the Court of Appeals refused to halt the test.

Last week the Court of Appeals wheld Judge Hart read day to appeal to the Supreme Court. The Government aday to appeal to the Supreme Court. The Government decided not to do so and delivered the documents last Saturday. With an expert from the A.E.C. on call, Judge Hart read the documents over the weekend. Today he ordered the disclosure of three documents in full to Mr. Sive, and parts of four other documents. He refused to deliver seven documents on the ground that they expressed opinions within the executive branch necessary for opinion-making, and thus were privilege under exceptions in the Freedom of Information Act.

Judge Hart also acceded to a Government request that three documents that were to be shown to Mr. Sive be withheld from public view.