Nixon Showing New Desire for Conciliation

By ROBERT B. SEMPLE Jr. Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14— The growing impression here that President Nixon has determined, for his own good, to the campaign of 1970 beput the campaign of 1970 behind him and face his greater test in 1972 with fresh faces and a new tone of bipartisan conciliation has found further tenfirmation by his sudden confirmation by his sudden burst of public ac-

tivity in the last two weeks.

News President The Analysis remained silent about his plans and prospects for a full month

after the voters, on Nov. 3, delivered their unsettling verdict on his campaign strategy and his decision to stress the and his decision to stress the law and order issue and suggest that Democrats were to blame for "permissiveness." However, since Dec. 4, when he emerged to address economic issues before the National Association of Manufacturers in New York, Mr. Nixon has sought to assert himself more positively on the issues and has offered, if only temporarily, the hand of friendship to his enemies on Capitol Hill. The evidence of a conscious

prospects on Capitol Hill.

revealing. much-publicized weakness his alleged failure to keep his Democratic party, his oppositive and even revolutionary aspects of the program, intion to the peace plank at the cluding the fact that it would Cabinet abreast of major issues and consult with them more frequently—the President promised his Cabinet members

Conciliation and Action

Yet some of his unannounced be said to "liberalize" the to force the shiftless decisions have been equally Cabinet, given Mr. Connallyy's "payrolls." To remedy one long association with the con-

beginning early next year, he would meet with them every two weeks.

Neither Mr. Nixon nor the Cabinet members regard the Cabinet—as President Eisenhower did—as a deliberative body. But regular meetings may do much to improve the disposition and morale of his principal associates.

The President has also decided, informed sources did-

is and order issue and suggest that Democrats were to blame for "permissiveness." However, since Dec. 4, when he emerged to address economic issues before the National Association of Manufacturers in New York, Mr. Nixon has sought to assert himself more positively on the isues and has offered, if only temporarily, the hand of friendship to his enemies on Capitol Hill.

The evidence of a conscious switch in tone and tenor lies partly in a series of recent public moves — the National Association of Manufacturers. Speech, the rapid changes in his official family, the propitiating gestures in his news confered at a grown of the switch in singular to first the propitiating gestures in his news conference last week and his decision to fight openly for Senter program.

Cabinet Move in Line

disposition and morale of his specific action and morale of his position and morale of decided, informed sources discincantly, a shift from a position and meetings and meet with Mr. Nixon at meetings and meet with Mr. Nixon as the deditors); and, perhaps more significantly, a shift from a positively on a more assertive by obsture in his approach to a more assertive in his approach to positively and meetings and meet with Mr. Nixon and meetings and meet with deditors); and, perhaps more deitors); and meetings and meet with editors); and first provided to a more assertive in his cabinet (charles) b

ate approval of his welfare program.

Cabinet Move in Line

Even his appointment of a Democrat, John B. Connally Jr., as Secretary of the Treasury may be viewed, at least in part, as an effort to improve the cosmetics of his Cabinet pus unrest.

Lunc from Mr. Nixon's essentially conservative approach to public policy. He adopted a tough tone against "forced to public policy. He adopted a tough tone against "forced to public policy. He adopted a tough tone against "forced to public policy. He adopted a tough tone against "forced to the White House Conference on Children and Youth here last night. Throughout the campaign, in an obvious approach of the campaign, in an obvious approach of the campaign, in an obvious appeal to conservatives, he had advertised his family assistance program as an antiloafing onew, if only for a time.

and to improve his negotiating Further his appointment of measure directed against the Governor Connally can hardly undeserving poor and designed

> There was mone of that last servative wing of the Texas night. Instead, he stressed the

> > tion period in late 1968, when Mr. Nixon sat in the Pierre Hotel in New York and cast around for Democrats to put in his Cabinet (he finally found