## Both New York Senators Condemn Ouster of Allen

By RICHARD D. LYONS JUN 11 1970

Special to The New York Times
WASHINGTON, June 10—Dr., said, "Any Administration that Nixon Administration over the ought to be ashamed." top education official.

he had "asked for and received morrow.

"When we asked for elaboration" of Dr. Allen as "When we asked for elaboration and the second that the

The statement said that "the Continued on Page 35, Column I resignation is effective immediately," and that the choice of a successor would be left to Elliot L. Richardson, the new Secretary of the department, after he was confirmed by the Senate.

Shortly after this afternoon's announcement, both of New York's Republican Senators condemned Dr. Allen's ouster.

Senator Jacob K. Javits said, 'I am dismayed because I believe that it was very much in the Administration's interest to have so distinguished a leader in education as Commissioner Allen at a time so critical to education as now."

Senator Charles E. Goodell

James E. Allen Jr. of New York, demands the resignation of a who openly broke with the man of the caliber of Jim Allen

Cambodian invasion, was oust- Attempts tonight to detered today as the Government's mine why Mr. Finch dismissed p education official. Dr. Allen were unavailing. Nei-Robert H. Finch, who is leav-ther was available for comment, ing his post as Secretary of but a spokesman for Dr. Allen Health, Education and Welfare said that he would not comfor a staff job in the White ment on his dismissal until a House, said in a statement that news conference at noon to-

Commissioner of Education and tion, we were told to go with Assistant Secretary of H.E.W. what we had," a department



Associated Press Dr. James E. Allen Jr.

Continued From Page 1, Col. 7

spokesman said after the threeparagraph statement was made public.

Dr. Allen, who earlier this year was accused by leaders of the educational establishment of tacitly supporting the Administration's school desegregation policies, openly opposed the Nixon Administration's Cambodian policy in a statement before Office of Education staff members three weeks

ago.
"I find it very difficult to understand the rationale of going into Cambodia and continuing the war in Vietnam," he told 400 applauding department

employes at that time.

A month earlier, in April,
Dr. Allen, a life-long Democrat, Dr. Allen, a life-long Democrat, took a stand on pushing school desegregation that appeared to go substantially beyond that of President Nixon and Mr. Finch. At that time, Dr. Allen said that he wanted to end defacto segregation. Administration leaders said that they would not order this done.

Dr. Allen has also publicly complained of political interference by Republican recruiters in his attempts to fill a score of vacancies in the Office of Education.

vacancies in the Office of Education.

"I find it difficult to get [appointees] cleared [by Republican recruiters]," he said last month, adding, "I came here thinking I could get the best people I could find."

Sources at the health department suggested that neither the Cambodian affair, nor school desegregation nor partsan politics might have been the only reasons for asking for Dr. Allen's resignation how-ever embarrassing those fac-tors might have been to the

tors might have been to the Administration.

Officials at the White House and the health department have in recent months been extremely critical of Dr. Allen because of what they contended to be his inability to manage effectively the huge Federal education bureaucracy. They also expressed annoyance because he tended, they believed, to act independently of higher authority.

In Albany 13 Years

## In Albany 13 Years

Before coming to Washing-otn at the start of the Nixon Administration, Dr. Allen for 13 years was Commissioner of Education for New York State. He was appointed to that post by the State Board of Regents and was answerable only to the

During his years in Albany, build not have to report either to Governor Rockefeller or former Governor Harriman. In Washington, the position of Commissioner of Education is in the bureaugratic chair of in the bureaucratic chain of

command

command.

In addition, when in Albany Dr. Allen lobbied in the State Legislature on his own for more aid to education. In Washington, others lobbied for him. Last January, he said that Federal aid to education was suffering, although the Administration was supervising more than \$5-billion in Federal education programs.

programs.

The disaffection with Dr. Allen by high Administration officials is known to have started months ago, and it was privately understood that a new Commissions of Education new Commissioner of Education would be sought before sum-

would be sought before summer was out.

The sources in the health department said that the ouster of Dr. Allen was similar to that of Dr. Stanley F. Yolles, who was dismissed as head of the National Institute of Mental Health last week. Critics of Dr. Yolles, who is also a Democrat from New York, insisted that lack of management talent, rather than political views, was the paramount reason for the ousters. ousters.

ousters.

When a report circulated last month that Dr. Allen's resignation had been sought by Mr. Nixon, the President's press secretary, Ronald L. Ziegler, firmly denied it.

Last Saturday, after Mr. Nixon announced that Mr. Finch would be transferred to the White House, the Secretary invited a score of his chief aides, including Dr. Allen, for a three-hour cruise down the Potomac aboard the Sequoia, the Presidential yacht.

Mr. Finch is known to respect Dr. Allen as one of the nation's authorities on the relationships between government

tionships between government and education. But aides said that Mr. Finch was less than pleased with Dr. Allen's performance, even allowing for the lack of staff and the restrictions that the Indochina war has placed on added funds.

Health Department sources said that Mr. Finch wanted to remove Dr. Allen suddenly before the Secretary moved to the White House as a domestic affairs counselor to the Presidents. affairs counselor to the President. The Senate is scheduled to start hearings on the con-firmation of Mr. Richardson tomorrow.