Access to the President

White House Takes Steps to Counter Charges Nixon Fails to Get Advice

By ROBERT B. SEMPLE Jr. 14 MAY Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, May 13- |that the flow of information formal dinner at the White House in honor of Prince House in honor of Prince Philip, Kinkman Brewster Jr., President of Yale University, encountered a reporter he knew outside the mansion. "I talked to the President and Henry Kissinger [the President's na-tional security

tional security adviser]" he said. "I tried to get through to them News Analysis

about what's happening on the campuses. I don't think I did. Kissinger was mainly worried about what the right wing would do if we failed to get an honorable settlement in Vietnam."

Vietnam." The problem of "getting through" to the President is Topic A here now. The charge that Mr. Nixon has isolated himself is not new, but it has been revived by Secretary of the Interior Walter J. Hickel's letter com-plaining of inaccesibility and by the Adminitration's ap-parent miscaluculation of the nublic response to the Camnublic response to the Cam-

Reports on Meetings

Reports on MeetingsPresidential special assistant,
Scill Krogh, was unaccountably
disbanded.The White House, predict-
ably, has moved fast to counter
the allegations that Mr. Nixon
has constructed a fortress Pres-
idency. His press secretary,
Ronald L. Ziegler, insisted this
morning that the President re-
gularly solicited advice from
his aides, and he gave report-
ings with his Cabinet (18, about
once a month), his National
Security Council (40), his Crban
Affairs Council (19), his Cabinet
(12), and his chief economic advisers, the so-called "quadriad"Presidential special assistant,
Scilk Krogh, was unaccountably
disbanded.
The youthful staffers in the
White Ouse—two have now
weight on the president re-
procident but hoped that their
views would be more quickly
timed upon.
They were horrified to learn,
for example, that the President
had scheduled a speaking ap-
tor example, that the President
dupon.Committee on Economic Policy
(12), and his chief economic ad-
visers, the so-called "quadriad"
(13).Presidential special assistant,
disbanded.
The youthful staffers in the
weight advice from
they were horrified to learn,
for example, that the President
had scheduled a speaking ap-
tor example, they redoubled their efforts to
presude him to cancel it. They
finally reached John D. Ehrlich-
nean Mr Nixon's senior advis-

(12), and his chief economic ad-visers, the so-called "quadriad" (13). For the first time in any-one's memory, moreover, the white House press office posted interceded with the President. on the bulletin board the names Vice President Agnew was sent of individual staff members who instead. Meanwhile, department and nently advertising the fact that agency heads have increasingly Leonard Garment and Daniel complained that their lines to Patrick Moynihan, two domestic the White House are snarled. aides who were not consulted Treasury and Budget Bureau before Cambodia, are now see-officials have been particularly ing him. And, at the State caustic, charging that some de-Department, Secretary of State cisions (the President's small William P. Rogers insisted that business message in March, his he did not know of anyone pledge to spend \$1-billion on "with an important problem" desegregation) are made with-bENT.

Some months ago, after a may not be so perfect as the White House pretends, and that information, when it is re-ceived, is sometimes pigeonholed or prematurely dsmissed.

holed or prematurely dsmissed. Last September, for example, a young staffer named Chester E. Finn Jr., who worked for Mr. Moynihan, presented an analysis of the country's young people called "The Ecology of Youth" to a special Cabinet to a special Cabinet

meeting. His paper dwelt heavily on what he called the "crisis of authority" among the young, authority" among the young, arising from two main sources: "a feeling that the political sys-tem is pursuing goals tem is pursuing goals opposed by the young; second, the young do not feel they can affect these policies."

Impressed, Mr. Nixon or-dered the paper read to a meeting of Republican state chair-men. But then the paper was shelved, along with a second document called "Towards a National Youth Policy," which suggested specific measures for improving relations between the Government and the young. Simultaneously, a working group of young aides who were meeting regularly to discuss the same problems, chaired by a Presidential special assistant, Eril Krogh, was unaccountably ing of Republican state chair-