NIXON SIGNS BILL TO COMBAT CRIME

Cives 'Tools' for 'Total War' to Mitchell and Hoover

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15 (UPI)

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15 (UPI) —President Nixon signed his anticrime bill today under un-usually tight security precau-tions in the Justice Department building. He praised the bill as a major tool in the fight against organized crime and terrorism. The new law, Mr. Nixon said, will give the Federal Gov-ernment the means "to launch a total war against organized crime, and we will end this war." He added that it "should be a warning to those who en-gage in these [terrorist] acts that we are not going to tol-erate these activities." Handing the signed bill to Attorney General John N. Mitchell and J. Edgar Hoover, director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Mr. Nixon said: "Gentlemen, I give you the tools. You do the job." The ceremony was conducted on the second floor of the Jus-tice Department building, three-quarters of a mile down Penn-

tice Department building, three-quarters of a mile down Pennsylvania Avenue from the White House.

Invitation a Requirement

Invitation a Requirement The five - story building swarmed with Secret Service men, who blocked normal pas-sage through the halls leading to the second-floor auditorium where the ceremony was held. Only invited persons were al-lowed to enter the closed area, and three to four guards at each entrance checked credeneach entrance checked creden-tials. Secret Service agents with walkie - talkies guarded every entrance to the building that provided access to the au ditorium.

Mr. Nixon entered through an inner courtyard, where eman inner courtyard, where em-ployes stood behind ropes held by Secret Service men. There was a loud cheer as the Presi-dent entered the building. Later the President toured a new communications center at the District of Columbia policy

the District of Columbia police headquarters, accompanied by

Mr. Mitchell and rouce Chief Jerry V. Wilson, Greeting po-licemen along the way, Mr. Nixon commented to one pa-trolman: "Now with the crime bill signed, we ought to take off jet-propelled." The crime bill, given final Congressional approval Mon-day, provides the death penalty for anyone convicted of a fatal

for anyone convicted of a fatal bombing.

It permits F.B.I. agents to in-vestigate and Federal attorneys to prosecute bombings and arson on college campuses and at every other institution or organ-ization that receives Federal financial help.

Extra Judicial Terms

To fight organized crime, the measure permits judges to im-pose additional sentences of up to 25 years on certain "danger-ous and adult special offend-ers" who are convicted of crimes that carry lesser penal-tice. ties

The legislation also does the following: Makes it a crime to use mon-

ey from organized crime to es-tablish a legitimate business in interstate commerce. Makes it a Federal crime to

participate in a conspiracy to obstruct the enforcement of

state or local gambling laws. Establishes Federal control over interstate and foreign com merce in explosives.

Creates a national commis sion to determine if the crime bill or any current laws infringe on individual rights.

on individual rights. The President also signed leg islation creating a system of public defenders for persons financially unable to get ade quate legal aid in criminal cases. The bill provides for two different types of public defend-er systems in judicial areas where 200 or more appoint-ments are required every year. The Federal Public Defender Organization will be manned by salaried Federal employes under Organization will be manned by salaried Federal employes under the supervision of a Federal public defender. The other sys-tem, the Community Defender Organization could be any non-profit defense counsel service. The government would pay the costs on a per-hour basis.

The government would pay the costs on a per-hour basis. The two systems could be used only to supplant, not replace, the appointment of private attorneys.