

Sihanouk, Interviewed in Peking, Opposes Geneva-Style Parley to End Indochina War

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PEKING, June 6 — Prince Norodom Sihanouk, the exiled Cambodian leader, said in an interview here today that he was unalterably opposed to any Geneva-type conference to end the Indochina war.

"Such a meeting," the Prince said with a sweeping gesture of his hands, "would only provide the entrance for the third Indochina war."

He said that it would result

in the partition of Laos into eastern and western sections and Cambodia into a Pnompenh region for the Government of President Lon Nol, "with the rest of the country in our hands." He said that it would also produce three Vietnams—North Vietnam and two southern segments, one for Saigon and one for the Vietcong.

The Prince said that a Geneva type of conference had been proposed by the Soviet

Union along with France and Britain, but that he, North Vietnam, the Vietcong and the Pathet Lao opposed such a meeting and he had asked China to do the same.

Looking fit and trim, the Prince, speaking in English, gave the interview in the spacious quarters of the old French Embassy in Peking where he now lives and maintains his government in exile. He was seated in a high-ceilinged re-

ception room decorated with a huge photograph of himself and Mao Tse-tung.

Prince Sihanouk repeatedly expressed affection for the United States and said Premier Chou En-lai had attempted to arrange a meeting between himself and President Nixon when the President was in Peking. But, the Prince said, the President declined.

"Nixon was not yet ready to abandon military action,"

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