Protests Abroad Against the U.S.

Anger at Kent and Cambodia

New York

Demonstrations against the United States advance into Cambodia and in support of American student protests broke out in a number of countries yesterday.

The leaders of several governments were critical of the decision to expand the Vietnam war into Cambodia and newspapers gave extensive coverage to the shooting of college students by National Guardsmen at Ohio's Kent State University.

In Montreal, more than 500 students at McGill University marched on the U.S. consulate to place four flower-strewn coffins on the steps in protest against the killing of the four Kent students.

SCUFFLE

About 250 of the McGill marchers refused to disperse after the protest and were driven back to their campus by the police. Ten persons were arrested and a number of windows were broken in the brief scuffle.

The library of the American University Center in Calcutta was ransacked by Indian demonstrators described as Maoist Communists. A statue of Abraham Lincoln was damaged and a portrait of President Nixon was slashed.

In Caracas, Venesuelan National Guardsmen fired rifles into the air to disperse 500 students who were threatening to throw paint-filled balloons at the U.S. embassy.



AP Wirephoto

Students in New Delhi burned an effigy of President Nixon and an American flag

CANBERRA

Another large group of protesters paraded through the streets of Canberra in what amounted to a dress rehearsal for a nation wide moratorium in Australia in which demonstrators will call for withdrawal of all foreign troops from South Vietnam.

In Auckland, New Zealand, eight demonstrators were arrested during a nonviolent sit-in just outside the U.S. consulate. In Wellington, the student council of Victoria University decided to ask Prime Minister Keith Holyoake to dissociate the government from "the American invasion of Cambodia."

Pope Paul VI, speaking to a group of South Vietnamese during a general audience at the Vatican, deplored the expansion of the war, although he did not mention Cambodia by name.

In Sweden, a scheduled visit by new U.S. Ambassador Jerome Holland to the university town of Lund was canceled because of fears of large-scale demonstrations.

Prime Minister Indira Gandi of India described the move into Cambodia as a "dangerous step" and urged President Nixon to reconsider his action.

In Paris, French government spokesman told newsmen after a cabinet meeting that "the French government is concerned by the worsening of the international situation caused, almost everywhere but essentially in the Far East, by a number of recent events which we deplore."

In Britain, newspaper editorials were predominantly critical of Mr. Nixon. In Parliament, Conservatives showed a cool support for American actions, while Labor members displayed an overwhelming sense of disapproval.

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