## Feuds and Bad Planning In Saigon Exit Recalled

## By FOX BUTTERFIELD

Special to The New York Times

more than 100,000 Vietnamese seemed arbitrary. Dozens of successfully escaped from Sai-prostitutes, for example, were gon, the evacuation was marred taken out by American contracby what diplomats and news-tors and officials who listed men now recall as bad planning, them as wives or fiancées. But bitter feuding between sections the chief spokesman for the of the United States Mission Saigon Government and his and often an every-man-for-staff, who would be major Comhimself attitude.

namese officials and others who pleas. had long worked for the Americans were left behind. Many fearing reprisals from the Communists.

Moreover, the selection of

MANILA, May 5 - Although those to be evacuated often munist targets, were apparent-As a result, many key Viet- ly not helped despite repeated

> In addition, same officials in the United States Embassy and Consulate - partly because of panic and partly out of concern for their own Vietnamese staffs -are known to have deceived each other or failed to notify subordinates about the final evacuation on Tuesday, endangering many lives.

In the end, no American officials are known to have been left behind, and the loss of life in the evacuation was minimal.

But the series of mix-ups and the haggling that accompanied the final American exit angered many American officials, and on the evacuation ships that carried them here they talked of their bitterness toward Ambassador Graham A. Martin.

It was Ambassador Martin, they say, who by delaying evacuation until the last possible minute - to avoid throwing Saigon into chaos - was responsible for the failure to rescue many endangered Vietnamese.

Some officials go further,

Continued on Page 20, Column 6

## Continued From Page 1, Col. 7

accusing Mr. Martin of having been so isolated inside his walled embassy that he was blind to the inevitability of the Communist victory. The Ambassador, an aloof, secretive man who strongly supported former President Nguyen Van Thieu, became ill with pneumonia in the last few days before Washington finally ordered him, last Tuesday, to "pull the plug.

Leaving Saigon among the last American evacuees, the Ambassador boarded the Seventh Fleet flagship, the carrier Blue Ridge, and-except for a chance encounter with a few newsmen - remained unavailable to the press. He could not be asked about criticisms of his

According to knowledgeable diplomatic informants, some American officials began to push for evacuation planning after the loss of the northern two-thinds of the country in March, Mr. Martin's opposition delayed it.

As a consequence, some parts of the United States Missioncomposed of the embassy, the Agency for International Development, the United States Information Service, the Defense Attaché's Office and the Central Intelligence Agency privately began their own withdrawal scheme.

This worked best for those institutions with their own air transportation and money to bribe Vienamese officials and guards — namely the Defense Attachés office and the C.I.A. But the embassy and the aid and information agencies, which did not have their own "assets," in the popular term, were much less successful in getting their staffs out.

## General Is Dismissed

On April 12, with North Vietnamese troops beginning to tighten around Saigon, Brig. Gen. Richard M. Baughn, the senior Air Force officer in the Defense Attaché's Office. was abruptly dismissed and transferred out of Vietnam by Ambassador Martin. According to military sources, he had an-gered the Ambassador by beginning to fly Vietnamese em-ployes in the office to the Philippines aboard Air Force planes.

It was not until April 20, after the siege of Xuan Loc had begun 40 miles northeast of Saigon that Ambassador Martin on orders from Washington assented to the first legal evacuation flights by Air Force C 141

Thereafter the evacuation was pushed hard, with the embassy pressing the Saigon Government to accelerate granting exit permits and special passes for Vietnamese dependents and employes of Americans. In some cases the embassy actually helped in secretly taking Vietnamese out of the country without officials permission.

But there appeared to be little coordination or careful plan-ning to separate cases of Vietnamese seriously endangered from those who merely wanted

to leave.

Thus, for instance, a Vietnamese who had worked 10 years for the C.I.A. in Pleiku in the Central Highlands, before it was abandoned to the Communists, discovered no one in the embassy would help him when he managed to flee to Saigon. All his friends from the agency had already been transferred out of Vietnam and there was no one who recognized him.

But by contrast, on Saturday, Martin would not accept puling April 26, a blue compact car out the Vietnamese employes of the type used by the embassy pulled up in front of Annie's Bar on Tu Do Street

Another Can Tho official who was dispatched to Saigon over the last weekend to try carrying suitcases.

Officials from the consulate ation was given.

'Anderson got up and left'.

Anderson got up and left'. say they were never given any withdraw only their remaining went out to get on an airplane Americans. By that time, the last emergency evacuation had man sitting there." already begun in Saigon.

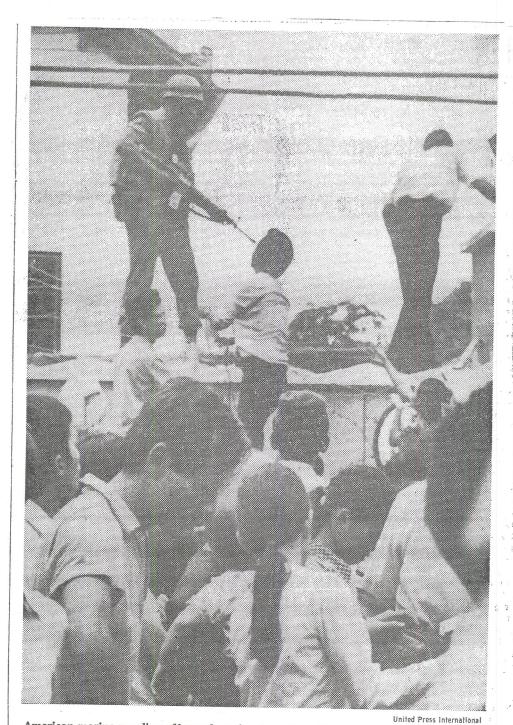
last minute was able to get out cluding its main one using four Vietnamese dependents.

gon to discuss evacuation was ters for their own personnel reportedly turned away with and flew off to Saigon without

and took away three bar girls to press for help in evacuating Perhaps the worst case of confusion involved the United embassy administrative officer Vietnamese staff, was in the States Consulate General in Can Tho, the center of Military Region IV in the Mekong delta. Remarks of the center of Military when the order for final evacu-

notice at all to evacuate their his office with some of his own Vietnamese personnel until Vietnamese without telling our men anything," recalled a furithey were suddenly ordered to ous Can Tho official. "He just

The Can Tho consulate at its As a result, the Con Tho own initiative had prepared office acting on its own at the only 42 of 573 Vietnamese em-ployes, and 312 of over 3,000 tioned in Can Tho. However, One Can Tho official who made three special trips to Saiat 8 A.M. on Tuesday the local the answer that Ambassador returning the aircraft.



American marine warding off people trying to scale wall of U.S. Embassy compound in Saigon, South Vietnam, last Tuesday. There are complaints that a series of mix-ups and haggling marred evacuation and that some pro-Americans may have been left behind.