New Saigon Government Again Urges Cease-Fire

APR

APR 3 0 1975 The original call for a cease-SAIGON, South Vietnam, The original call for a cease-Wednesday, April 30 (AP)- fire was made by General Minh SAIGON, The Government of President on Monday as he assumed the Duong Van Minh appealed anew office of President to seek yesterday for a cease-fire as it peace with the Communists. sought ways to enter into nego-Addressing himself to "our

tiations with the Vietcong.

friends of the other side, the The calls for a truce were Provisional Revolutionary Govmade on radio and television ernment of South Vietnam," by Vice President Nguyen Van the general, who is known. Huyen. He said later in an inter- among some Americans as Big view that a Government delega-|Minh, said: tion met twice during the day

with a Vietcong delegation at negotiate and work out a solu-Tan Son Nhut air base, at the tion. I propose we stop all agedge of Saigon. But the Vietcong representatives there, he said, hope you will approve my sugpronounced themselves as not gestion." qualified to make political decisions.

that one of the Vietcong de-cord signed in Paris in Jan-mands-that all Americans uary, 1973. The Communists, leave South Vietnam—was al-he noted have always urged ready being met. He added that that the Paris accords be caradditional Vietcong demands ried out. for the dissolution of the Saigon Government and its Van Huong, who had served army were being considered.

Reports of Accord Denied

Reports circulated during the day that the Government and Nguyen Van Thieu and became the Vietcong had reached tenta- President after Mr. Thieu's restive agreement on a truce as a ignation on April 21. step toward the opening of negotiations. But the Vice President denied these reports, say-

[Political sources in Saigon, quoted by United Press International, said the Minh Gov-ernment had agreed in principle to disarm the South Vietnamese Army except for a limited number of security forces, but there was no confirmation of this report. There also were reports that the Vietcong were demanding the withdrawal of the United States Seventh Fleet from the Indochina area before agreeing to talks].

A Vietcong statement broad-cast by the Hanoi Radio accused the Minh Government of trying through ist actions to Provisional Revolutionary Govprolong the war. The broadcast ernment told reporters. went on to call upon the counwent on to call upon the coun-try's people and army to join of a new tentative cease-fire in a general uprising against accord, the spokesman said the the Saigon Government.

The statement said that nei- not been met. ther North Vietnam nor the Vietcong's Provisional Revolu- conditions included the withtionary Government of South drawal of all Americans from Vietnam accepted the appoint- South Vietnam, dissolution of ment of General Minh as the Saigon's army and ending of solution to the Vietnam war. "police repression."

"Let us sit together and gression against each other. I

He appealed for reconcila-tion and said tehat was the The Vice President noted spirit of Vietnam cease-fire ac-

> as President of South Vietnam for only a week. He had been Vice President under President

The transition from President Huong to President Minh was arranged with the approval of ing there had been no direct the National Assembly as an emergency step toward peace negotiations.

The Vietcong delegation with which the Government representatives met during the day has been at Tan Son Nhut since the first days after the Paris accords were signed.

Cease-Fire Reports Denied

PARIS, April 29 (Reuters) The Vietcong mission here today dismissed reports of a cease-fire arrangement in Vietnam and said the Communist forces had already established power in some areas of Saigon. "The fight' continues," a spokesman for the Vietcong's

conditions for peace had still As specified here earlier, the

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