

House and Senate conferees yesterday agreed on a bill authorizing \$327 million in humanitarian aid for South Vietnam and for evacuation of Americans and Vietnamese nationals from Saigon. The legislation strictly limits the President's authority to use American forces in the evacuation. Here is the language of the limitation:

SEC. 4. (a) If the President determines that the use of United States Armed Forces is necessary to evacuate citizens of the United States and their dependents from South Vietnam, the President may, in accordance with the provisions of subsection (b), use such Armed Forces in a number and manner essential to and directly connected with the protection of such United States citizens and their dependents while they are being evacuated. In the event that such evacuation cannot

be accomplished without involving such Armed Forces in hostilities or in situations where imminent involvement in hostilities is clearly indicated by the circumstances, such evacuation shall, if feasible, be accomplished in a single operation. Other than the minimum number of personnel determined by the President to be essential to carry on critical functions of the United States mission or to carry out such evacuation, all such citizens who are employed by, or in the service of, the United States, and all such dependents, shall be evacuated as rapidly as possible after the date of enactment of this Act.

(b) If the President uses the United States Armed Forces for the purposes stated in subsection (a) of this section, he shall submit a report on the use of those forces as required by section 4(a) of the War Powers Resolution (including the certification required under subsection (c) of this section) and shall comply with all other provisions of that resolution. (c) In addition to the information required under section 4(a) of the War Powers Resolution, the President shall also certify pursuant to subsection (b) of that section that—

(1) there existed a direct and imminent threat to the lives of such citizens and their dependents; and

(2) every effort was made to terminate the threat to such citizens and their dependents by the use of diplomatic and any other means available other than use of the Armed Forces; and

(3) other than such essential personnel, such citizens and their dependents are being evacuated as rapidly as possible.

Sec. 5. In carrying out the withdrawal of such United States citizens and their dependents from South Vietnam pursuant to section 4 of this Act, the President is authorized to use the United States Armed Forces to assist in bringing out—

(1) dependents of perma-

nent residents of the United States;

(2) Vietnamese nationals eligible for immigration to the United States by reason of their family relationship to citizens of the United States; and

(3) other foreign nationals to whose lives a direct and imminent threat exists; if he determines and certifies in writing to the Congress pursuant to section 4(b) of the War Powers Resolution that—

(A) every effort has been made to terminate the threat to such persons by the use of diplomatic and any other means available other than the use of the Armed Forces; and

(B) the number of such United States Armed Forces will not be required beyond those essential to and directly connected with the evacuation of citizens of the United States and their dependents; and

(C) the duration of the use of such United States Armed Forces to hostilities will not thereby be extended; and

(D) such evacuation will . be confined to areas where United States forces are present for the purpose of protecting citizens of the United States and their dependents while they are being evacuated.

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