# KY PREDICTS STAY IN LAOS TILL MAY AND FUTURE DRIVE

Expects Pullback at End of Dry Season—Asks Steady Attacks on Supply Trail

## ACTION NEXT YEAR SEEN

Strength of Vietnamese Put at 10,000—They Take Over Tchepone Supply Center

### FEB 1 1 1971 By ALVIN SHUSTER

Special to The New York Times SAIGON, South Vietnam, Feb. 10 — Vice President Nguyen Cao Ky said today that South Vietnamese forces would probably remain in Laos until the dry season ends in May and predicted that they would go in again next year.

In an interview in his office here, Mr. Ky provided the first amplification of the intentions of the South Vietnamese in southern Laos since President Nguyen Van Thieu announced the assault on Communist supply lines Monday. He had said it would be "limited in time as well as in space."

Mr. Ky said that the South Vietnamese would have to undertake "continuous actions" against the Ho Chi Minh Trail network in Laos to insure their safety. He said the objectives were to destroy Communist sanctuaries, blow up supply depots and "cut the trail," a network that passes through Laos on its way from North Vietnam to the South.

### Permanent Effort Doubled

The Vice President, a former head of the South Vietnamese Air Force, said that it would be difficult for the troops to remain on the trail network after the rainy season began and that he did not foresee the need to keep men or bases in the neutral kingdom permanently.

Much of the course of the operation depends on the enemy's reaction, he said. In any event, he added, "we will do it again at the next dry season."

Later, a military spokesman for the Saigon Government disclosed that so far more than 10,000 soldiers had crossed into Laos since the American-supported operation against Communist infiltration and supply routes was launched from the northwestern corner of South Vietnam. He said the paratroopers and infantrymen had moved about six miles from the border; reports from the field indicated deeper penetrations.

[Apparently encountering little resistance, South Vietnamese troops occupied Tchepone, which had been a major enemy supply center on the Ho Chi Minh Trail 25 miles from the South Vietnamese border, The Associated Press reported. According to Agence France-Presse, the South Vietnamese were joined in cutting the Communist supply trail by 2,000 soldiers of the Laotian Special Forces.]

The report by the Saigon command was its first on the

Continued on Page 18, Column 1

## Ky Predicts Force's Stay in Laos Till May

### Continued From Page 1, Col. 1

extent of the incursion. The figure of 10,000 represents half the South Vietnamese troops moved into the northernmost province, Quangtri, where 9,000 Americans cleared the way to the border and provided highway security.

The United States has also been giving intense air support and supplying troop transport, helicopter gunships and matériel. The helicopters flew more South Vietnamese into Laos today.

#### Heavy Fire on Planes

Both American and South Vietnamese pilots flying over enemy strongpoints in Laos reported heavy antiaircraft fire. be a big disaster for us." South Vietnamese troops The Vice President,

morning, the Saigon spokesman clined to say whether he would losses were put at 7 killed and ber. 21 wounded.

allied command post in South also their rear bases in North Vietnam.

American military spok men, who during the early stagcasualties in the support role, a because they are closer to spokesman said, will now be in- home bases.

cluded in weekly figures instead of being given separately to show the cost in American lives. He said that after the operation the command would the use of American planes.

'Failure Would Be Disaster'

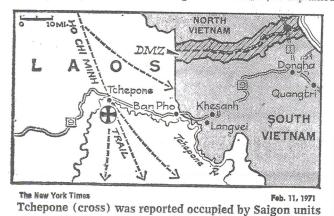
Mr. Ky, in the interview, said in fluent English that he had long urged the current operation, in part to try to "force North Vietnam to reconsider its policy" and begin meaningful negotiations. "We must force the enemy

to reconsider their position, he said. "Since the goal is so important, we have to achieve it by any means. Failure would

who fought four brief engagements wore a blue double-breasted in Laos yesterday and this suit with a military cut, desaid. He reported 41 of the challenge Mr. Thieu in the enemy killed; South Vietnamese presidential election next Octo-

He suggested that it might be The spokesman declined to necessary to bomb North Viet-give the exact locations of the nam. He said that the Commuclashes, saying only that they nist troops were close to their had been at points northwest, home bases and to insure suc-west-northwest and southwest cess "we have to strike not of Langvei, the most forward only those bases in Laos but in Langvei, the most forward only those bases in Laos but to guard against a North Viet-

He also acknowledged that American help was vital to the es of the operation provided success of the new operation some statistics on American air because his country was now power, declined to disclose new fighting on three fronts. It is figures on the extent of United easier for Saigon's forces to States soldiers belonging to States participation. American fight in Cambodia, he explained,



### Airstrip Being Rebuilt

SAIGON, Feb. 10 (AP) South Vietnamese sources resupply cumulative figures on ported that after the task force reached Tchepone today engineers began rebuilding the town's abandoned dirt airstrip, which will enable the South Vietnamese to fly in supplies and reinforcements.

Tchepone, the first main objective of the South Vietnamese incursion, had been heavily bombed and was reported earlier to be almost deserted.

Lieut. Gen. Hoang Xuan Lam. commander of the operation in Laos, told newsmen that South Vietnamese forces destroyed two large ammunition depots in Laos today, as well as a North Vietnamese tank and a truck.

headquarters Saigon disclosed that 3,000 to 5,000 of the South Vietnamese remaining in the northern part of South Vietnam were sent eastward to the coastal area just namese drive across the frontier in retaliation for the thrust into Laos.

### G.I.'s Report Fighting

KHESANH, South Vietnam, Feb. 10 (UPI) - Some United Troop D, Seventh Battalion, 17th Air Cavalry, said here today that 100 or more American ground troops had been in Laos during the last three days and had fought the Communists, but United States spokesmen denied that any American ground forces were in Laos.

These Americans, the soldiers said, are members of a unit that is rushed by helicopter into areas where ground forces are needed on short notice.

United States spokesmen in Saigon, in issuing the denial, latitlde on steps that might be taken to rescue downed American helicopter crews.