Laotians Report No Word Of an Incursion by Saigon

Premier Said to Have Questioned U.S. Embassy on Attack by Vietnamese-Protest by Vientiane Is Indicated

1 1971 BY TILLMAN DURDIN FEB Special to The New York Times

VIENTIANE, Laos, Jan. 31-|are badly in need of support Officials said here today that and a South Vietnamese strike they had received no official would cause an important diword of a reported incursion by version of North Vietnamese South Vietnamese troops into strength away from the Laotian front. southern Laos.

speculation this weekend that sion have come with the hardenthe South Vietnamese, with ing of the conviction in some American air support, had quarters here that North Vietmounted or were about to namese forces in Laos are premount an invasion aimed at paring a wide offensive in enemy supply routes in Laos. [Informed sources in Vien-

tiane said that Premier Souvanna Phouma had checked with the United States Embassy and had been told that nothing was known at the moment of any South Vietnamese incursion, Agence France-Presse reported.]

There has been widespread Reports of a possible incursouthern, central and northern Laos.

The North Vietnamese have steadily been reinforcing their base area in southern Laos, which was established when they were forced to pull back from northeastern Cambodia by the American and South Vietnamese drive into Cam-Laotian sources indicated to-bodia last year.

day that if South Vietnamese| The Boloven Plateau-which troops had struck, Vientiane rises northeast of the North would make it clear it opposed Vietnamese base area and such incursions and would pro- above North Vietnamese lines test. The protest might just be of communication down the a matter of form, since the Sekong valley into Cambodia-Laotian Government forces,

weakened by years of warfare, Continued on Page 2, Column 4

Continued From Page 1, Col. 3

is still mainly in Laotian hands and constitutes a highground threat to the Vietnamese.

The North Vietnamese had already struck at some Laotian positions on the plateau and recently captured one. Last week they occupied Phalane, 54 miles east of Savannakhet, and made thrusts with reinforced elements in the direction of Sam Thong and Long Cheng.

Move Linked Threat in South

Informed sources here express the belief that a South Vietnamese attack into southern-Laos would be related more to allied concerns in South Vietnam than in Laos. The move, these sources say, would represent a South Vietnamese attempt to thwart the growing threat of a North Vietnamese move in the highliands.

Despite the threat of North Vietnamese offensive, Laotian officials have been heartened by the continued resistance of the Cambodians to the North Vietnamese. Last week's successful North Vietnamese raid on Pnompenh's airport caused some dismay here but is now discounted in importance compared with Cambodia's success in reopening of Route 4 from the capital to the port of Kompong Som and in getting fresh supplies up the Mekong.

Possible Objective Cited-

Meanwhile some observers today pointed to the area of Luang Prabang, the royal capital of Laos 200 miles north of Vientiane, as another possible objective of a North Vietnamese attack.

Raids have been made to within a few miles of the capital and its important airport in the last few weeks.

However, a deterrent to any North Vietnamese attempt to take the city or the Vientiane area for that matter, is the apparent acceptance by the Pathet Lao and their North Vietnamese backers of the division of territory that existed between the Pathet Lao and the Vientiane Government when the Pathet Lao went into rebellion in 1964. Luang Prabang and the Vientiane plain as well as the lower Mekong valley was at that time in Government hands.