

SEP 21 1970

Sihanouk Asserts His Regime Will Go to Cambodia Gradually

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Special to The New York Times

HONG KONG, Sept. 20—The Peking-based exile government of Prince Norodom Sihanouk announced steps today to transfer its operations gradually to Cambodia.

According to Hsinhua, the Chinese Communist Press Agency, seven persons now in Cambodia fighting for Prince Sihanouk have been named ministers in the rebel government.

Hsinhua, quoting a statement issued by Prince Sihanouk's political organization, which he calls the National United Front, and the exile government, said that several ministries would be transferred into Cambodia soon.

"In this way," the statement said, the united front and the exile regime "will install, step by step, the whole government there."

According to the statement, more than two-thirds of the territory of Cambodia and nearly three million of the seven million Cambodians are now under control of the rebels and not the Government of Premier Lon Nol, which took power after deposing

Prince Sihanouk as Chief of State last March.

Hsinhua, in a dispatch from Hanoi, also reported today that revolutionary governments had been set up in 80 of 103 villages in two key Cambodian provinces, Kandal and Takeo. Kandal Province surrounds the capital, Phnompenh, while Takeo, to the South, adjoins the South Vietnamese border.

The new revolutionary governments are said to have abolished all Cambodian Government taxes and to have confiscated property of "reactionary elements" and distributed it among the poor.

Hsinhua identified the new ministers as Poc Doeus Komar, foreign affairs; Mrs. Leng Thirith, education and youth; Chou Chet, public health, religious and social affairs; Koy Toum, economy and finance; Kong Sodip, defense; Sor Thouk, interior, and Tiv Ol, information and propaganda.

Three ministries—defense, interior and information—are said to be headed by Khieu Samphan, Hou Youn and Hu Nim respectively.