

# Sihanouk Aide, in Paris, Appeals for Soviet Support

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PARIS, May 28—A high aide to Prince Norodom Sihanouk appealed here today for Soviet support for the Cambodian insurgent movement.

Chau Seng, a minister in the Prince's government-in-exile, also said that guerrillas opposing the Lon Nol regime had killed thousands of "enemies," including Americans, Cambodians and Vietnamese.

Mr. Chau Seng, who had also served as Prince Sihanouk's private secretary and as Economics Minister in Pnompenh, did not say how long he had been in Paris. Nor did he indicate what contacts if any he had with North Vietnamese and Vietcong representatives here.

He looked less serene than in his Pnompenh days, when he used to receive visitors while wearing a sort of sarong. He said that among his present functions was membership in the politburo of the United National Front of Cambodia.

His appearance today was sponsored by the International

Information Center for the Denunciation of War Crimes, an organization that opposes American involvement in Indochina.

Mr. Chau Seng gave no indication that his appearance here was in any way related to the Vietnam peace talks. But he was careful to stress that the Cambodian insurgents' opposition to negotiations did not imply criticism of the peace talks.

Mr. Chau Seng spoke at a news conference in the Lutetia Hotel, on the left bank.

At the same time, the Vietnam negotiations dragged on with no indication of progress in the former Hotel Majestic on the Right Bank. North Vietnam used the occasion to warn that American air raids on the northern part of the demilitarized zone at the border between North Vietnam and South Vietnam posed "a grave threat" to the talks. But the delegates agreed to meet next week.

Mr. Chau Seng, long a prom-

inent leftist in Cambodia, expressed solidarity with the North Vietnamese and the Vietcong and indicated that the Cambodian insurgents were considerably farther left in their political thinking than Prince Sihanouk had been in the past.

## Had Held High Posts

Mr. Chau Seng, a short wiry figure in a black suit, said he was Minister for Special Missions in the exile government. He has held various high posts in Cambodia, including that of Information Minister.

He made clear that in staging the first major news conference by a member of the Sihanouk regime in a Western capital he hoped to rally public opinion to the insurgents' side. He said if the United States had invaded "this little country," then "no country can feel safe anywhere."

Noting that "China supports us all the way down the line," Mr. Chau Seng said, "We need all friends; we need the sympathy of all the countries and especially the socialist countries."

"We are patient," he went on in rapid-fire French. "We understand the attitude of our Soviet friends and we are sure

that one day the Soviet Government will grant recognition."

The Soviet Government has expressed sympathy for the insurgents but has kept its embassy in Pnompenh open.

Mr. Chau Seng said the insurgents would never negotiate with the Lon Nol Government, which he denounced as an American puppet regime.

"If people are shooting at you, you should shoot back," he said. "Therefore this is a time not for conferences but for combat."

At the peace talks the North Vietnamese delegate, Nguyen Minh Vy, said American bombers had raided the northern part of the demilitarized zone and Quangbinh Province in North Vietnam, on Sunday and Monday.

He said the raids had been carried out by 46 waves of warplanes, including "several formations of B-52's."

[In Washington Wednesday, a Defense Department spokesman said that two United States fighter-bombers had attacked North Vietnamese antiaircraft sites on Monday after a reconnaissance plane they were escorting had been fired on.]