## Policy in Indochina

By R. W. APPLE Jr. Special to The New York Times

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The President said he thought the "romino theory" had "a great deal of credibility"; that he intended to push for \$300-million in additional military aid to the tottering Saigon regime, and possibly for more; that he continued to believe in "the will of the South Vietnamese people."

Like his predecessors in the there is no longer any electoral men he considered wise WASHINGTON, April 3 — President Ford positioned himself today, contrary to conversional political wisdom, as a defender of two decades of American politic in Inis San Diego news conserved that Indochina is shambles does not invalidate what we tried to do.

With the possible exception of Gormer Gov. Ronald Reagan of California, who has been threatening Mr. Ford from the Right, there may not be another politician in America who would have said wat the President said—even though many of them, like Mr. Ford, have invested much of their careers in preventing Communist take-overs such as those that now the self talked at a prison and in a wrong-headed cause by lon anyone" for the eventing past American policies in the war there. It was most surprising in view of the emerging consensus, within the White House that, the said he had no indicate whith the Asia had no indicated. The President's problem is complicated, furthermore, by factors that not obtained in view of the emerging consensus, within the White House that the time had come for Mr. Ford to stop blaming the Democrats for the debacle in Southeast of the Saignon National Propositions of the Southeast of the mation in Indochina is prisoner of his personal historical was a surprising in the time thouse that the time had come for Mr. Ford to stop blaming the Democrats of the time had come for Mr. Ford to

White House he refused to give value in defending past Ameri-well-motivated.

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## uns Counter to General Political Attitudes

that he considered it important for him to work with Congress.

But then the President's instinctive convictions seemed to burst to the surface, and he said that if the United States "had carried out the solemn commitments that were made in Paris," the American lives lost in Vietnam "would not have been in vain."

"But when I see us not carrying through," he added, in an obvious reference to Congressional unwillingness to send more weapons to Indochina, "then it raises a quite different question."

"Outlook Unclear

Some politicians fear that a steady stream of such suggest-namese an opportunity to fight for their freedom . . . then followed Mao Tse-tung's right wing of Mr. Ford's party accused the Democratic Presidential hope-accused the Democratic Presidential ho

South Vietnam, and commented there was not a sacrifice that takeover in China, when the K. Udall of Arizona, a third that he considered it important was inappropriate or unwise," right wing of Mr. Ford's party Democratic Presidential hope-for him to work with Congress. he said.