An Admiral Takes Command

Chilean Embassy Diplomat Replaced by Ruling Junta

By John Saar Washington Post Staff Writer

Generals of Chile's new ruljunta have ordered admiral to take command of the embassy here over the heads of civilian diplomats.

In the afternath of the overthrow and death of Salvador Allende last week, the Chilean press attache in Washington

has resigned, calling the military takeover "a betrayal."

Vice Admiral Luis Eberhard, the ranking military attache who is 19th on the emilitary attache who is 19th on the emiliary and the could bid bassy's protocol list, said his elevation over career diplomats was temporary and would end when normal conditions returned to Chile.

Flanked by two diplomats who translated and assisted in many of the 56-year-old admiral's responses, he explained his new role during an interview yesterday: "Due to the special circumstances facing the new government, the senior military officer has taken ior military officer has taken a new and special position . . . to completely overlook and control the work of the embassy

Eberhard, whose last sea-going command was captaincy of a 26,000-ton oil tanker, is a contemporary of Chile's new ruler, Gen. Augusto Pinochet.

Among his new duties, he said, would be responsibility for personally approving all diplomatic communications from the embassy.

The coup d'etat, which cast the admiral in the unfamiliar role of diplomat, also shattered his friendly relations with the former press attache, 31-

year-old Andres Rojas-Wainer. A professed Marxist and an appointee, handed in his resignation at the embassy last week after first warning a friend to take action if he did not return within five hours. "If I'd been in Chile, I'd be dead, in prison, or trying to get out of the country," he said.

Rojas said the admiral was "a very lovable man" but he feared him because the military "are members of a club and men of elastic con-science."

The admiral's face stiffened when he was asked about the man he used to have pleasant talks with on their shared interest in sailing. "I would have asked for his resignation because I would not have confidence in him. He is a member of the Communist Party."

The admiral said that there was no plan to request Rojas' return to Santiago but if an investigation produced any charge against him, would be made known."

"It depends on his position in the United States . . . It ne stays within bounds of behavior, we don't want to take action against anyone . . . added.

The impact of a coup un-precedented in Chile's recent history has been traumatic for both men. Rojas who had worked for Allende since 1958 found his death "the most painful in my experience— more even than family more even deaths."

Sipping Colombian coffee at the chic apartment he shares with his American wife Catherine, and their 18-month old

shocked and torn apart by ment. events of the last 10 days.

dream . . Allende was the lives, their property and their symbol for a scheme to replace a ruling class without vipulate a ruling class with vipulate a ruling cla olence . . . I feel his death in my guts."

Without his \$18,000-a-year embassy salary, the former journalist says he is reducing his standard of living. The gime and possible attempts to extradite him.

in defending the military acland frustration those people ness."

daughter, Rojas said he was tion. The generals broke no have? I'm not going to be an

Amende did not mean any"80 per cent of the Chilean
thing out of this world in
terms of romanticism, but he
did represent a year of the "On the contrary," he said, did represent a very cherished cent we shall respect their

Asked whether the military role might be prolonged indefinitely, the general wagged a finger at a visitor: "You show a complete lack of understand-Italian sports car is up for sale, much of his furniture is sold already and the family plans to move to a low-rent hold Roiss also fears reprisals with extreme reluctance. The ing of the quality and moral tel. Rojas also fears reprisals with extreme reluctance. The from the Chilean military reinternal and external security and the life of Chile itself was in danger."

extradite him.

"I'm selling everything because I want to be ready," he said. "We have a small suit case packed with our plane tickets and passports."

Adm. Eberhard showed little pleasure in diplomacy, Rojas faced his future as an exile with apprehension: "In Paris I met Spaniards who've been exiles for 40 years. Can you implease of temper and emotion against the amount of bitterness."

exile he is somebody pathetic."

Determined to pursue his career as a journalist, Rojasprobably unrealistically—said he hoped to return to Chile within six to eight months.

Though the two men have

moved from a working amity to polarized opposition in a matter of days they still are united in their anger with elements of the western press.

Adm. Eberhard alleged "a well-orchestrated campaign to give a false impression by peo-ple who supported the former government."

"I telephone Santiago and tell them what the papers are saying and they say, 'Oh my saying and they say, God, this is not true.

The admiral smote his forehead in exasperation.

Rojas feels Allende also was victimized by a slanted press. "The manner of his death was important. There were many articles denigrating him as a fool or a clown. By his death Adm. Eberhard showed lies for 40 years. Can you imfool or a clown. By his death he showed he meant busi-