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GOLDWATER SAYS C.I.A. IS FINANCING SOCIALISM IN U.S.

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Clark Attacks Secrecy of Gifts to Right or Left— Jackson Backs Agency

By ROY REED

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WASHINGTON, Feb. 26—

Barry Goldwater demanded today to know why the Central Intelligence Agency had been financing "left-wing" organizations but not conservative groups such as the Young Republicans.

The Republicans' Presidential nominee in 1964, appearing on the Columbia Broadcasting System's television program "Face the Nation," said the intelligence agency had been supporting Norman Thomas, the Socialist leader; the American Newspaper Guild, and other groups that he described as "left wing."

"Why didn't they spread this money around?" he asked. "In other words, what they have been doing with it, as far as I can see, is to finance Socialism in America."

Wants Work Done Openly

Senator Joseph S. Clark, Democrat of Pennsylvania, unwittingly replied to Mr. Goldwater on another television program, the National Broadcasting Company's "Meet the Press."

Senator Clark, a critic of the intelligence agency's covert spending, said he thought it was as bad for the Government to subsidize left-wing groups as to subsidize right-wing groups.

All covert support of private organizations should be stopped and the work done "on the table," he said.

Another guest of "Meet the Press," Senator Henry M. Jackson, Democrat of Washington, a member of the intelligence agency subcommittee of the Senate Armed Forces Committee, defended the secrecy of the agency's spending.

Early Secrecy Is Cited

He said secrecy had been necessary in the early 1950's because of the influence of Senator Joseph R. McCarthy. He said it would not have been politically possible to finance such work through the State Department, as some have suggested, because Senator McCarthy had "discredited" the department with his charges of Communist infiltration.

The late Senator and his friends would have demanded to know why "Communists" and "left-wingers" were get-

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ting Government money, Senator Jackson said.

Senator Jackson said the intelligence agency's work with private organizations had been as necessary.

"It's fine to talk of free and voluntary groups," he said, "but this is a bare-knuckled operation, without kid gloves."

Robert Amory Jr., former director of intelligence for the agency, also appearing on "Meet the Press," described the present controversy over the agency's operation as "a tempest in a teapot" and said it had not impaired the agency's usefulness.

"I think it's too bad that this had to blow," he said, "but I don't think it's a totally disastrous incident, at all."

He said there were other operations that might be exposed, but he thought the press, if it continued to "unravel" the loose strands, would damage the national security of the United States.

Elsewhere, the disclosures of the agency's connections with private groups continued to reverberate.

Jacques Torczyner, president of the Zionist Organization of America, charged in a speech at New York that intelligence agency money was helping to finance an anti-Israel campaign among Arab students in the United States.

He said the American Friends of the Middle East, which has been listed as receiving intelligence money, was "the driving force behind the subversive Arab propaganda onslaught on the campuses."

Mr. Torczyner said that half of the 8,000 Arab students studying at 100 American colleges and universities were conducting an anti-Israel campaign. He said that many of these students were allied with

"outright anti-Semitic groups."

A spokesman for the Zionist organization said afterward that Mr. Torczyner had referred to the Organization of Arab States when he spoke of "anti-Semitic groups." The spokesman said the Organization of Arab States had received financial support from the American Friends of the Middle East, a pro-Arab group.

In London, the founder of Amnesty International, which campaigns for the release of political prisoners, demanded that the chairman of the group's executive committee resign because of a connection with the Central Intelligence Agency.

Peter Benenson, a lawyer in London, who founded the organization, said Sean MacBride, an Irish lawyer who is the chairman, should step down. Mr. MacBride is also secretary-general of the International Commission of Jurists, which, Mr. Benenson charged, has been "a front for the C.I.A. for the last 15 years."

Mr. MacBride denied that. He said all the commission's funds were raised by its members. He said he had no intention of resigning from Amnesty International.