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PLANNING THE NEXT EXPOSE: In San Francisco office of Ramparts magazine are, Wirephoto of The New York Times from left, Warren Hinckle 3d, editor; Sol Stern, assistant managing editor and author of the article on C.I.A. links with student group, and Robert Scheer, the managing editor.

Ramparts: Gadfly to the Establishment

Special to The New York Times SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 19

Coatless, resplendent in pink shirt, red suspenders, deep blue and maroon striped necktie and suntans, Warren Hinckle 3d paced between the rolltop desks.

He lifted the telephone off its stand, a black-painted keg with the gold-painted hoops falling in rings on the floor. He talked to his pet monkey, Henry Luce by name, that was caged in the next room. He talked, too, about his magazine. "Next month we have Stokely Carmichael on the origins of the Block Power movement," he said. "Then we're going to go out after

the world of the foundations, following up what we found out about the C.I.A. Just decided that today. Got to do it."

Mr. Hinckle, a pudgy six-footer with a flowing Ed-wardian mane of hair, is 28 years old and the editor of Ramparts, the splashy magazine that won front-page newspaper notice last week when it scooped itself.

It bought advertisements, which soon became news, to tell what its March issue would say about the Central Intelligence Agency's under-cover relationship with the National Student Association. This was the latest in a

series of publicity coups for Ramparts, which was founded in 1962 as a five-times-a-year journal aimed at liberal Catholic intellectuals.

The magazine's conversion into a busy gadfly on the liberal-to-left side of politics began two years ago. Two business consultants (who have since become stockholders) recommended a change in direction. And Mr. Hinckle, whose first connection with Ramparts was as a public relations man, was named editor.

The consultants, Howard Gossage and Dr. Gerald M.

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Ramparts: New Gadfly to the Liberal Establishment

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Feigen, have a company here called Generalists, Inc. "About a year and three quarters ago," Dr. Feigen said the other day, "they came to Howard and me to ask our advice. We told them that they should take an extra-environmental view."

Mr. Hinckle put it this way: "We decided," he said, "that we couldn't find enough liberal Catholics who wanted to read us, so when we went monthly from five issues a year, we wanted to be a magazine of opinions, but printed on good paper, with color and gloss rather than on cheap paper that made it all look cheap.

"We wanted to be kind of Catholic, kind of concerned about civil rights, kind of worried about lots of things."

Founder's Sway Reduced

The rise of Mr. Hinckle appears to have coincided with a decline in the power of the mag-azine's founder, Edward M. Keating, a wealthy convert to Catholicism.

Mr. Keating remains as pub-lisher and as the largest stock-holder. But the 100 per cent holder. But the 100 per cent ownership that he held in the magazine's early years has been diffused.

diffused. Mr. Hinckle owns something less than 10 per cent of the corporation, which he says he acquired as part of his com-pensation. The Gossage- Feigen combination has been paid in stock, although no one will say how much. how much.

how much. And there are three stock blocks representing \$350,000 in new capital. Of this, Frederick C. Mitchell, now an assistant history professor at the Uni-versity of Kansas at Lawrence, put up \$200,000 of money he had inherited while he was a grad inherited, while he was a grad-uate student at Berkeley; Louis Honig, president of a San Fran-cisco advertising agency, \$100,-000, and Irving Laucks, an 85year-old millionaire who is on the staff of the Center for Democratic Institutions at Santa Barbara, \$50,000.

'Getting Rid of Wars'

The information on stock-holding came from sources close to the magazine's boarde close parts management is willing to identify stockholders but not to disclose the size of their shareholders

to disclose the size of their shareholdings. Neither Mr. Mitchell nor Mr. Honig would discuss their hold-ings. Mr. Laucks spoke freely. "My specialty is getting rid of wars," he said. He invested in Ramparts, he said. He invested in could be offective in behavior



Edward M. Keating, publisher of muckraking magazine.

much for promotion and

advertising. The size of the latter figure might indicate why interviewers found it to be the consensus among Ramparts stockhelders that the magazine would remain afloat and become finan-cially successful.

A Flair for Publicity The magazine's management has shown a decided flair for calling attention to the product —and they are willing to spend money to do it. The current C.I.A. fuss, for instance, was touched off by full-page ad-vertisement in The New York Times and The Washington Post, which cost Ramparts a fotal of some \$10,000 has shown a decided flair for Post, which cost Ran total of some \$10,000.

Ramparts is an anti-establish-Ramparts is an anti-establish-ment voice, and it takes con-siderable savvy to get its name into pages read by the estab-lishment. Part of this can be attributed to its Eastern pub-lic relations man, Marc Stone, who is the brother of I. F. Stone, publisher of the liberal I. F. Stone's Weekly, and part to Mr. Hinckle himself. It was Mr. Hinckle who de-

to Mr. Hinckle himself. It was Mr. Hinckle who de-cided to give away his own story on the C.I.A. to the news-nomination for Congress from the Oakland district represent-tablish our rights to the story," Mr. Stone said. "We started work on it in mid-December, and soon the word was all around. We were scared it would get out of hand, so we bought the foreign editor of the Post the foreign editor of the Post and the Washington bureau of The Times to tell them about

circulation. According to Mr. Hinckle, it has risen in a year from 65,000 to a current total of 150,000—two-thirds on the mailing list, the other 50,000 in newsstand sales. When Ram-parts went monthly in October, 1964, its circulation was 2,500. There are "serious" attempts at fund-raising under way too with three or four wealthy per-is a self-made millionaire in real eestate. The others inher-ited wealth and have shown willingness to support the sort of political and economic re-porting and commentary in which Ramparts now specializes. "We want to take a very critical look at all the major nolitics" he said. "They look of the magazine."

Robert Scheer, 31 years old, who was foreign editor and is now managing editor. Mr. Hinckle told how he came to hire Mr. Scheer. "His wife and my wife worked together in the finan-cial district, and we had them over to dinner one night and he told me about this pamphlet he was writing about the war in Vietnam. I told him to write some of it for us and he did. He's been around since."

Mr. Scheer later translated his quarrel with American in-volvement in Vietnam into ac-

Msia. Mr. Scheer lost, with 45 per cent of the vote. Mr. Keating, the publisher, ran last year, too. He sought the Democratic nomination for Congress from the San Mateo Valley. He lost, too.

ings. Mr. Laucks spoke freely. "My specialty is getting rid fwars," he said. He invested in Ramparts, he said, becaus it could be effective in helping me in my specialty. It remins Now there was a muckraker-and it did a lot of good." They are owners of a vir-tually bankrupt enterprise Losses in the last year have been about \$400,000 and, ac cording to sources close to the magazine, Mr. Keating alone might have dropped as much as \$750,000 in an effort to keep it afloat. According to Mr. Hinckle, Ramparts has lost about \$12. Market about \$25,000 goes for printing and at least Method for the Post the foreign editor of the Post the same charges that fell in impact somewhere at the the current one in weight. Stopped as much as the earlier, but Ramparts packaged the affects have paid off in and the foreign editor of the Post t

"We want to take a very critical look at all the major American institutions. This month it's the C.I.A. One of these days it will be the labor movement, which is moribund and lethargic. Then these's the literary establishment. We want to raise the facts to sharpen debate." He balked at accepting the designation of Ramparts as a voice of the "New Left." The term, he said, refers to an amorphous collection of people with no complete agreement on anything. "We have no connection of the "turn of the popularity of the magazine." "Interpopularity of the magazine." "The independent liberals are aghast at the drift of American politics," he said. "They look to Ramparts as a muckraker who will give them facts. The "turn-on' for a guy like me was this war and the fact that no-body gave us much of the real opposition to it. You know, po-lical power is irresponsible. Ramparts will fill that need opinion magazines." Sometimes 'Smart Alecky' But Mr. Paret-

anything. "We have no connection with university activists, for exam-ple," he said. "Our basic posi-tion is that in this country there is a lack of free and stimulating debate that is based on fact." An Influential Role One of the influential forces in Ramparts's development in the last two years has been Robert Scheer, 31 years old, who was foreign editor and is High an anything. But Mr. Peretz, who de-scribes himself as "sort of an absentee intellectual for the magazine entirely plus the magazine entirely plus the magazine entirely plus found it "smart alecky" and offensive "in that San Franciscans who dominate its operation have big plans for their enterprise. "We're trying to build a media complex," explained Dr. But Mr. Peretz, who de-scribes himself as "sort of an

Plans for their enterprise. "We're trying to build a media complex," explained Dr. Feigen, one of the men who helped broaden Ramparts's thrust beyond its Catholic-oriented beginnings. "We have a magazine and a weekly news-paper [Sunday Ramparts, with 15,000 paid circulation] and we want an advertising agency. a want an advertising agency, a book publisher and we've got into a UHF television appli-cation."

It is an ambitious outlook for an organization that started in 1962 with a three or four-mem-ber staff in a suburb 28 miles outside the city.

Moved to North Beach

A year ago, Ramparts aban-doned the suburb A year ago, Ramparts aban-doned the suburb of Menlo Park (it was, said Mr. Hinckle, "a ridiculous place to publish a magazine") and moved to its current quarters at 301 Broad-way in San Francisco's Bohe-mian North Beach area, a few blocks from the cafes where topless waitresses work.