```
25 January 1969
                                 lbylwyyf
              Pueblo Bjt, 400, 2 takes, 650 total

By RICHARD E. MEYER

Associated Press Writer

CORONADO, Calif. AP - Cmdr. Lloyd Bucher says

Pueblo crewmen made hundreds of attempts to let the folks
back home know that the spying confessions were phony-but most
were intercepted by their North Korean captors and followed

by severe beatings.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         432 AES
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        1015 APS
              by severe beatings.

This testimony by the intelligence ship's skipper was reported by a Navy spokesman who briefed newsmen on Bucher's five hours of closed-door testimony Friday before a Navy court
            Capt. Thomas L. Dwyer, chief of staff for intelligence for the commander of U.S. Naval forces in Japan when the Pueblo was seized a year ago, followed Bucher to the stand. All of Dwyer's and most of Bucher's testimony Friday was described as classified information by the Navy. Bucher had spent the previous four days in frequently anguished testimony to recall.
             A225LA lbyllbylwyyf LAQ CORONADO, Calif. Pueblo Bjt A025 to update SUZ 5th graf: fo recall.
             Dwyer resumed testifying in closed session today and was to be followed today and Monday by Capt. William H. Everett, operative for the commander of U.S. naval forces in Japan, Capt. Forrest A. Pease and then Rear Adm. Frank L. Johnson. Johnson was commander of naval forces in Japan and Bucher's superior at the time of the capture. Pease was the chief of standard Mashington 6th graf
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      operations
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                of staff.
In Washington oth grant XM1.05 caps. Jan. 25

Dwyer resumes testifying in closed session today and is to be followed by Capt. Forrest A. Pease and then Rear Adm. Frank L. Johnson. Johnson was commander of U.S. naval forces in Japan and Bucher's superior at the time of the capture. wpease was his chief of staff.

In Washington, Senate Democratic leader Mike Mansfield of Montana and Sen. Peter H. Dominick, R-Colo., talked of committee hearings into all aspects of the Pueblo Capture.
            Dominick asserted that the Navy was trying to blame Bucher rather than the officials who denied him the means to destroy the ship's secret equipment. He said he felt the armed services committee, of which he is a member should have a hearing.
            Mansfield said he thinks the Foreign Relations committee, of which he is a member, and the Armed Services Committee will want to inquire into all aspects of the seizure.
            Capt. Vincent Thomas, information officer for the commander of the Pacific Fleet, gave newsmen a briefing of Friday's testimony. He declined to elaborate on the classified
            material, other than to say it concerned the operation of the Pueblo.
         operation of the Pueblo. The unclassified materia, he said, included Bucher's testimony that the North Koreans discovered hundreds of signals sent home by the crew to tell the United States their spying confessiths were phony. He mentioned a now-famous photo, widely distributed by North Korea and supposedly showing contented prisoners, who actually were giving a well-known signal of contempt. Cmdr. Bucher observed that after publication in the U.S. of the photo which showed crewmen making the internationally recognized gesture; the North Koreans reviewed all their propoganda films, letters, etc., and discovered hundreds of similar signals; said Thomas.

It was at this juncture that the entire crew received severe beatings.
            beatings.
            MORE MORE
        CS432aes Jan. 25
```

AD28

Ibylryyr

COROMADO, TOAKE i, Pueblo, AD25: beatings.
Bucher, who wept and broke down as he told an open session
Thursday of death threats to himself and his crew before he
confessed to spying, was serious and solemn as he entered the closed
session.

When he came out during a recess, he said he was "much
more relaxed" and that the session "went well."
The court of five admirals could recommend anything from medals
to court-martial. Bucher was told Wednesday that he is suspected
of violating Navy regulations in surrendering his
ship without a fight.
Since the court convened Monday, Bucher has received nearly
200 telegrams-all of them sympathetic, said E. Miles Harvey,
Bucher's civilian attorney. A Navy spokesman said the
court of inquiry has received a large number of telegrams,
but declined to discuss their content.

Thomas, reporting on Bucher's Friday testimony, said:
Bucher 'said the crew was told by the North Koreans
that it was not desired that they become Communists, but only
that they understand communism. He said that none of his crew
became members of the Communist party.

"He said three or four searches were conducted during the
period of confinement to ascertain whether any crewmen were openly
practicing religion. He thought the North Koreans did not want
their guards to see any evidence of religious practices.

"To pass the time," Thomas said, "the crew members started
writing several books. One was a song book of rock 'n'
roll songs compiled by the younger members of the crew and passed
around during their captivity.

Text books were also written, including language books in
Japanese, Russian, Spanish and German."