## Church Promises to Probe IA Infiltration Charge

By George Lardner Jr. Washington Post Staff Writer

Sen. Frank Church (D-Idaho) yesterday promised an immediate investigation of charges that the Central Intelligence Agency had periodically "infiltrated" the White House and other executive agencies.

Both CIA Director William E. Colby and the Ford White House strenuously denied the allegations, Colby denounced them as "outrageous and vicious nonsense."

Church, chairman of the Senate intelligence commit-tee, said, "I have learned to refrain from jumping to con-clusions" in the Senate CIA investigation thus far, "and therefore an appropriate investigation will be made."

Members of the stalemated

House intelligence committee undercover operatives had in-disclosed Wednesday that they cluded a high-level aide to had been told of secret evidence that the CIA had a long-standing practice of "penetrat-ing" the White House and other agencies and that the ter a recent inspection of CIA



WILLIAM E. COLBY "vicious nonsense"

documents, believed that not even Presidents were aware of the White House "infiltrathe White House tion."

Colby and White House press secretary Ron Nessen insisted that no CIA agents was ever surreptitiously placed on any presidential staff, but they were not entirely clear about the nature of all the CIA assignments at the White House or who at the White House would have known about them.

Speaking with reporters before and after a closed hearing of a House Post Office ing of a House Post Office subcommittee on another issue, Colby said he had "no idea" whether any CIA employees ever had access to the Oval Office.

"What the White House does with the people we detail to them is of course, the

to them is, of course, the White House's business," the CIA director said.

Nessen said some CIA employees may be working at the

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tion until several years after it started, stated it "very accu-rately," Colby said. He added that his report to Mr. Ford, prompted by disclosures in The New York Times, was rushed together in a single day. He attributed the mistake to the fact that this was the information "I was dealing with at the time."

Church said his commit-tee's investigation of the FBI was being hampered by the failure of the FBI and the Justice Department to supply requested documents concerning

a long list of allegations.
As a result, the committee asked Attorney General Edward H. Levi and FBI Director Clarence M. Kelley to appear next week and explain "why two months have passed" since the bulk of the requests were made. Church said Kelley had asked for a chance to tell the committee in turn about the "highly sensitive" nature of documents concerning the CIA-Justice Department relationship that



SEN. FRANK CHURCH ... inquiry "appropriate"

already have been turned

Senate committee counsel Fritz Schwarz told reporters that the withheld documents are needed to check out allegations of FBI political abuses, such as the use of secret files, electronic surveil-lance and break-ins, organization and support of purport-edly radical organizations, questionable use of FBI informers, and various disrup-tive activities.

The Church committee continued its secret hearings into CIA involvement in foreign assassination schemes and mursassination schemes and mur-der attempts with testimony from several witness, includ-ing former Secretary of State Dean Rusk and Thomas Par-riott, a former CIA official who served as executive secre-tary in the late Eisenhower and early Kennedy years, to the "special group," a subcom-mittee of the National Security Council in charge of co-vert operations.

Rusk had no comment ex-

cept to remark on completing his testimony that, "I don't have time to brood about the

Apparently sensitive to the point, Church volunteered to reporters, before Rusk testi-fied, that probing the past was not "a pleasant duty" but one that must be performed in hopes of determining whether the CIA was ordered to engage "in this dirty business" by top government officials or whether it was simply an agency "running wild."

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White House now, but he insisted that "they are here quite openly." He said at least one is on the staff of the National Security Council and "there may ba a handful of others" who work elsewhere, doing "various things."

"I think we're making a mountain out of a molehill," Nessen protested at a White House news briefing when the issue was raised. He said none of the CIA personnel now at the White House was working "in any hidden or undercover role and I have been told in the past there never has been."

Asked whether the CIA workers reported daily to the spy agency on what they had learned, the White House press secretary said, "as far as I know, no," but did not rule out the possibility.

Asked whether such reports occasionally would be made to the CIA, Colby said only that "they are very clearly in-structed that when they go down there, they work for the White House and not the CIA."

The CIA director drew blank on the report that the agency's operatives included a high-ranking aide in the Nixon White House, reportedly some-one just below the level of the staff director H. R. Haldeman or domestic affairs advisor John D. Ehrlichman.

"I can't identify that reference at all," Colby said.
Colby insisted, however, that the "CIA has never done anything with respect to the White House that's not known to the White House." He said various White House officials would be informed of this or that assignment, but not necessarily the President.

"An individual might be doing a clerical job or something of that nature and the President wouldn't necessarily know about that himself," Colby declared. He said CIA workers carried out "various functions connected with sup-port of the White House from

port of the White House from the intelligence community," but did not elaborate.

By contrast, Nesson indicated that "the President and a lot of other people know" of each CIA assignment to the White House. He said, "It shows up on the payroll."

The White House press secretary said his information came from various sources, but declined to identify them. "This is barking up a nonexisting tree," Nessen said. "I believe the people I talked to."

The allegations aired by members of the House com-

members of the House com-mittee Wednesday reportedly were based in part on a 1973 in-house compilation of questionable CIA practices made by the CIA inspector general's

Church said, "It would be a transgression of the most provocative kind" if the charges were true, but emphasized that he was not in a position

to assess them at this point.
"I should think that the agency would refrain from spying on Presidents," Church

In other developments yesterday:
Colby acknowledged he

"made a mistake" in reporting to President Ford last December that the FBI had been informed from the outset about an illegal CIA mail-intercept program that began in 1953 and lasted nearly 20 years. The Rockefeller commission, which disclosed that the FBI was not apprised of the opera-