PRISONERS' UNION FORMED UPSTATE FEB 8 1972

Green Haven Inmates Seek to Negotiate on Wages, Hours and Work Rules

NYTimes By EMANUEL PERLMUTTER

The formation of the first prisoners' union in the country -by inmates of Green Haven Prison at Stormville, N.Y .- was announced here yesterday.

The organization, called the Prisoners Labor Union at Green Haven, has notified State Correction Commissioner Russell G. Oswald that it wants to be recognized as exclusive bargaining agent for the inmates of the Hudson Valley prison.

A similar request has been sent by the Union to John L. Zelker, Superintendent of Green Haven. The letters, sent yesterday, also ask that a meeting be set up for negotiations on wages, hours and working conditions for the inmates.

At the request of inmate leaders of the union, the executive committee of District 65, Distributive Workers of America, has agreed to accept the prison group as an affiliate. The 30,000 members of District 65, an independent union, as well as the prisoners of Green Haven will soon be asked to vote on the proposed affiliation.

The constitution of the prison labor union and its aims were outlined at a news conference in the offices of the New York Urban Coalition, 55 Fifth Avenue.

Although the union was Continued on Page 28, Column 1

Continued From Page 1, Col. 2 said, "It is certainly an un-started by the prisoners last there is nothing in the Taylor lons. Other jobs performed are

Aid project, said at the news A spokesman for Commis-lit included their families as conference that more than half sioner Oswald said he wuld well as other civilians. the 1,800 prisoners at Green have no coment on the leter Haven had signed membership to him until he had received dillo of the Bronx, one of the sponsors of the Union, at the

the organization of the union inal Justice Coordinating Council under the Law Enforcement Assistance Act and the rest by the Legal Aid Society.

Eugene Eisner, a labor lawyer of 351 Broadway, who has been retained as legal counsel to the prison union, said that since the inmates performed work for the state, they were entitled to collective bargaining rights under the Public Em-ployes' Fair Employment Actthe Taylor Law.

The Taylor Law contains in part the following definition:

"The term public employ means any prson holding a position by appointment or employment in the service of a public employer except that such term shall not include persons holding positions by appointment or employment in the organized militia of the state.

An 'unusual' subject

In answer to a query about the legitimacyof the prisonunion as "public emers' ployes," Deputy Chairman Jerome Lefkowitz of the Public Employment Relations Board

fall, most of the legal work has Law that specifically exempts as maintenance workers, port-been done by the Prisoners." "However if the union mode outward content of the second secon "However, if the union made culture

Rights' Project of the Legal Aid an application to us for cer-Haven. Society. William E. Hillerstein, the deermine whether they are was a prisoners' union in Los

Mr. Eisner said that there William E. Hillerstein, the public employes within lawyer in charge of the Legal public employes within Taylor Law," he added.

workers

at

Green

representative Herman Ba-

He said some of the funds for Haven earn an average of 35 would provide a responsible the organization of the union cents a day. They make hos-barganing unit for the inmates had been provided by a Federal pital gowns and bathrobes for and could lead to improved prigrant to Mayor Lindsay's Crim-men, women and children, slips, son conditions.

sheets, pillow cases, baby bibs Eugene S. Callender, another

sponsor and president of the Mr. Livingston said that the New York Urban Coalition, idea for forming the union had said that the project was "a come last summer from Earl historic development in the Smoake Jr. a former member labor movement." He said that of District 65 who is an inmate because the men were pris-oners "does not mean they if the union affiliated with are not entitled to constitu-District 65, nominal dues would tional rights." be collected.

Public Support Sought

The constitution of the pris-David Livingston, president of District 65, said that if the lawful means" to equalize to prisoners affiliated with his the fullest extent possible "the union an organizer would be rights, privileges and protecassigned to them and that his tions of prison labor with those union would try to mobilize of free labor everywhere." Also public support for their efforts. to "advance the economic, poli-The organizer would have to tical, social and cultural in-ask permission of prison au-terests" of the prisoners at thorities to talk to the men. Green Haven.