The Statement SEP 2.7 1976 LUSAKA, Zambia, Sept. 26 (Reuters) —Following is the text of the state-ment issued by the presidents of Bots-wana, Angola, Zambia, Mozambique and Tanzania on the agreement ac-cepted last week by Prime Minister Ian D. Smith on the move toward majority rule in Rhodesia: **The Statements' Sta**

The struggle of the people of Zim-babwe, the African and international solidarity in the implementation of sanctions and coordinated action of all anticolonialist forces and states have logether brought the isolation and col-lapse of the illegal racist minority regime in the British colony of Southern Chodesia.

The presidents hailed and congratu-lated the people and fighters of Zim-babwe whose hard and heroic armed struggle forced the rebel regime and the enemy in general to recognize and accept the inevitability of majority rule and the need to establish immediately a transitional government to implement this principle. Thus the victories achieved by the people of Zimbabwe in their armed struggle created the present favorable conditions for the convening of a constitutional confer-ence. ence.

'Victory for All Africa and Mankind' This is a victory for all Africa and mankind and particularly for all those countries and peoples who made sacri-fices so that the brotherly people of Zimbabwe can be free.

Now that the pressures of armed struggle have forced the enemy to accept majority rule as a condition for immediate independence, the five presi-dents call upon the colonial authority, the British Government, to convene at once a conference outside Zimbabwe with the authentic and legitimate rep-resentatives of the people:

(A) To discuss the structure and functions of the transitional government.

(B) To establish the transitional government. (C) To discuss the modalities for con-

vening a full constitutional conference to work out the independence constitution.

(D) To establish the basis upon which peace and normalcy can be restored in the territory.

Two Phases Are Envisaged

To achieve these goals two phases are envisaged. The first phase will deal with the establishment of an African majority transitional government. The second phase will be concerned with working out the details of the Zim-babwe independence constitution.

The presidents have carefully studied The presidents have carefully studied the proposals as outlined by the illegal and racist regime which, if accepted, would be tantamount to legalizing the colonialist and racist structures of power. Any details relating to the structure and functions of the transi-tional government should be left to the conference.

tional government should be left to the conference. The five presidents reaffirmed their commitment to the cause of liberation in Zimbabwe and the armed struggle. A luta continua. [The struggle con-tinues]

tinues.]