

SENATOR CLARK SEES U.S. RISKS IN ANGOLA

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Senator Dick Clark, chairman of the Foreign Relations subcommittee on African affairs, warned last night that a United States attempt to counter Soviet and Cuban involvement in the Angolan civil war might entail a commitment far heavier than the American people or Congress would be likely to support.

The Iowa Democrat said at a meeting of the Foreign Policy Association here that another \$10 million or \$20 million "wouldn't be the end of it." "It would be the beginning," he added.

Senator Clark said that a largely tribal conflict in Angola was threatening to become a global confrontation between the United States and the So-

viet Union. Such a confrontation, he said, would be "a test of our will and power against their will and power," with American policy determined by covert support activities rather than rational public deliberation.

"It seems to me," the Senator declared, "that this is an appropriate time for us to examine where we are and where we are going."

Senator Clark's subcommittee starts hearings on Angola Thursday, with Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger scheduled as a lead-off witness to be followed by William E. Colby, Director of Central Intelligence, and other officials.

Senator Clark said representatives of two of the warring Angolan factions would be heard on the last day of the hearings, Feb. 6.

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