Informers Play Key Police Role

By NICHOLAS M. HORROCK

WASHINGTON, April 1—Elsa Suarez Gutierrez is a vivacious 33-year-old divorcee of Cuban

Suarez Gutierrez is a vivacious 33-year-old divorcee of Cuban extraction who lives with her three children and a German police dog in a comfortable Spanish style house in the Coral Gables section of Miami. But there are aspects of Mrs. Gutierrez's life that are quite different from the lives of housewives in the other tree-shaded homes of the neighborhood. When Mrs. Gutierrez has a dinner date, she asks her escort to drive a circuitous route, wary of "a tail car" and particularly watchful for license numbers of cars that linger behind too long.

"That doesn't really help you, you know," she said. "They change the license plates all the time. I know, of course, I've o done it myself."

No one can enter Mrs. Gutierrez's house without careful commands beg being gie given to the dog, Rommel, who is trained to attack any adult stranger without provocation. When Mrs. Guttierrez talks on the telephone from her home it is often in Spanish or English codes, and her children are taught to notice and keep track of any stranger who pays too much attention to them.

A Trained Professional

The intrigue in Mrs. Gutier-

A Trained Professional

The intrigue in Mrs. Gutier-rez's life has been created by her career. She is a professional informant. By te the standards of interest, skill and longevity, she has put as much effort into her work as has a school teacher or legal secretary of the same age.

into her work as nas a school teacher or legal secretary of the same age.

Between 1968 and the present, Mrs. Gutierrez has been a paid informer for the Secret Service, the Miami Organized Crime Strike Force, the Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs (later Drug Enforcement Agency) and the Intelligence Division of the Internal Revenue Agency. But it was on her last assignment, which she maintains was to investigate sexual lives and drinklng habits of 30 prominent Y Miamians, that she came a cropper.

She left the employ of the I.R.S. in anger over the nature of what she was asked to do, and she has charged that her "control" (the agents who "ran" her) made threats against her Her charges are now being

"control" (the agents who "ran" her) made threats against

"ran" her) made threats against her. Her charges are now being sorted out by an I.R.S. inspection team and presumably will be heard by several Congressional committees.

But to many thoughtful law enforcement officers, lawyers and membesrs of Congress, Mrs. Gutierrez's story symbolizes something far more sinister.

ter.
For example, Nathan Lewin, a Washington lawyer who is a former deputy attorney general, said in connection with a Supreme Court case on an informer in 1971: "A far greater danger to our free society is presented by the prospect that friends and associates may be employed as government spies than by the possibility that

an informer with whom we speak may be instantaneously transmitting our conversation to a nearby receiver."

Yearly Cost in Millions

The UUnited States Government and the police in this nation have institutionalized the informant. His role in law enforcement and political control has become far more important than many persons realize, and millions of dollars are spent each year to pay informants.

are spent each year to pay informants.

In the Federal service alone a veritable laundry list of agencies receive funds for secret payments to informants: the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Drug Enforcement Agency, the Internal Revenue Service, the Alcohol Tax and Firearm Division, the Secret Service and the Immigration and Naturalization Service, to mention only the better known. Naturally the intelligence agencies, Central Intelligence, Defense Intelligence and the military police units also make use of informants.

There is no record kept of how many persons are on the payroll of the Federal Government as secret informants, bu one rule of thumb is that there



Some Rewards for Tips

The United States Customs
Service and other agencies can pay a reward to someone who helps it catch tax evaders, the I.R.S. pays a reward of 10 per cent of the amount of money it recovers.

But as one prominent

ney it recovers.

But as one prominent Federal prosecutor put it in a recent interview: "Informants are like using a wonder drug. You had better be sure the disease you're trying to cure is lethal, because the side effects sure can be." It is the "side effects" particularly in the use of infor-

mants in investigations of new left and antiwar movements that have raised the deepest concern among civil libertarians.

rians.

The paid informant's future, for instance Mrs. Gutierrez's, relies heavily on the "quality" of their information, and many critics of the informant system suggest that when an informant's pay and rewards are based upon what he can say be begins to evaggerate.

he begins to exaggerate.

The danger is particularly, great if the informant is dealing in "intelligence" material and not required later to testify.

In the past decade the informant is great in the past decade the informant is great and the informant is great and the informant is great and the informant is great a great and the informant is great a great and the informant is great in the informant is great and the inform Associated Press

Elsa Suarez Gutierrez at an interview last month in Coral Gables, Fla.

The United States Customs

Associated Press

Associated Press

Associated Press

Elsa Suarez Gutierrez at an interview last month in Coral Gables, Fla.

Associated Press

Elsa Suarez Gutierrez at an interview last month in Coral Gables, Fla.

Associated Press

Elsa Suarez Gutierrez at an interview last month in Coral Gables, Fla.

Associated Press

Elsa Suarez Gutierrez at an interview last month in Coral Gables, Fla.

Associated Press

Elsa Suarez Gutierrez at an interview last month in Coral Gables, Fla.

Associated Press

Elsa Suarez Gutierrez at an interview last month in Coral Gables, Fla.

Associated Press

Elsa Suarez Gutierrez at an interview last month in Coral Gables, Fla.

Boyd Douglas, for example, was a convict hired by the F.B.I. to befriend the radical priest, the Rev. Philip F. Berrigan was a convict hired by the F.B.I. to befriend the radical priest, the Rev. Philip F. Berrigan was a convict hired by the F.B.I. to befriend the radical priest, the Rev. Philip F. Berrigan was a convict hired by the F.B.I. to befriend the radical priest, the Rev. Philip F. Berrigan was a convict hired by the F.B.I. to befriend the radical priest, the Rev. Philip F. Berrigan was a convict hired by the F.B.I. to befriend the radical priest, the Rev. Philip F. Berrigan was a convict hired by the F.B.I. to befriend the radical priest, the Rev. Philip F. Berrigan was a convict hired by the F.B.I. to befriend the radical priest, the Rev. Philip F. Berrigan was a convict hired by the F.B.I. to befriend the radical priest, the Rev. Philip F. Berrigan was cohemes. But court testimonal and was a convict hired by the F.B.I. to befriend the radical priest, the Rev. Philip F. Berrigan was a convict hired by the F.B.I. to befriend the radical priest, the Rev. Philip F. Berrigan was cohing a little more than simply "informing." He was a revaled that the revaled that manual on explosives and seemed to suggest as many schemes as he reported.