ixon-Haldeman Closeness Described

By George Lardner Jr. and Richard L. Lyons Washington Post Staff Writers

Haldeman, that some memif Haldeman knew of or was Jr. involved in the Watergate

involved in the cover-up, would not testify.

lawyer, The President's The House Judiciary Com- James D. St. Clair, had hoped mittee yesterday heard a for-that Haldeman could help mer aide describe President clear the President of alleged Nixon as so concerned with involvement in the cover-up detail and so close to his for- by testifying that Haldeman mer chief of staff, H. R. (Bob) the President that hush money should be paid to Watergate bers felt invited to infer that conspirator E. Howard Hunt

The first live witness at the cover-up, Mr. Nixon also knew impeachment inquiry was Aland wished it so. Haldeman was to have been during Mr. Nixon's first four a witness next week, but committee chairman Peter W. Romer's in the White House, had responsibility for administradino Jr. (D-N.J.) said last night tion and security, supervised Haldeman will not be called the taping of presidential conbecause his lawyer stated that versations and, according to Haldeman, who is under indictment on charges of being Watergate committee, was "in

charge of the smooth running of the President's day."

During a day of testimony, Butterfield, now head of the Federal Aviation Administra-tion, detailed the staff organization of the White House, its pecking order and the access of staff to the President, down to showing by chart where staff members were physically located. He testified in closed session, as will all other witnesses in six more days of testimony.

What emerged, according to several members, was the pic-ture of President Nixon in firm control of the White House, involving himself even in small details. Closest to him, as has been generally be-lieved, was Haldeman, with the rest of the staff well be-

"It sounded as though Haldeman was the alter ego of the President," one Democrat said. "There was total control by Haldeman of everything that happened around the President. It appeared that President. It appeared Haldeman never did anything without the knowledge of the President or the belief that he wanted it done."

"I judge," said Rep. Robert McClory (R-III.), second-rank-ing committee Republican, "That Butterfield was brought up here to show that the President operated through Haldeman and that Halde-man's acts should be attributed to the President."

John W. Dean III, then White House counsel, testifed before the Senate Watergate

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knew of the Watergate cover-up. Haldeman denied it in The committee sworn testimony. He has since been indicted on charges that he was involved in the cover-up, and is to stand trial with six other defendants in September.

Rep. Charles Wiggins (R-Calif.), a defender of the Preswhile Butterfield could testify as to the normal operation of the White House, he didn't know what happened at certain tain meetings or what Haldeman told the President.

Haldeman knew," Wiggins said. "That is a conclusion. It is an unreasonable inference that whatever Haldeman knew the President knew.'

Most observers icel that if the committee recommends impeachment, the likeliest impeachment, the likeliest charge would be that the Pres-ident knew of the cover-up likeliest and took part in obstructing justice by failing to take prompt and open action to stop it. stop it.

Much of the testimony will focus on the events of March 1973, when the President said Dean first told him of the payment of hush money to the Watergate burglars. That evening, \$75,000 ws allegedly paid to Hunt.

It went almost unobserved that the President failed to comply with four committee subpoenas ordering him to turn over 49 tapes of White House conversations by 10 a.m. vesterday.

The committee hoped the tapes would shed light on dairy industry contributions, the International Telephone and Telegraph Corp. antitrust domestic surveillance case, and alleged misuse of the Internal Revenue Service to punish political enemies. These are also being investigated as possible grounds for impeachment.

impeachment.
St. Clair advised the committee that the subpoenas could not be discussed with Mr. Nixon until he returns from Moscow. The President's only response to eight subpoenas for a total of 147 tapes has

IMPEACH, From A1 been to the first, when he re-committee that Haldeman stead of the 42 taped conversa-

The committee has made no attempt to enforce its subpoenas, but has told the President that members may infer from his noncompliance that he has something to hide, and make it separate grounds for impeachment.

During St. Clair's questioning, he asked Butterfield if he believed the President would do anything to "discredit the office." After a lengthy committee wrangle over whether this was a pro-per question, Butterfield was "There is no evidence that per question, Dutterline with the President knew what "Logically, no."

Committee Republicans have divided into informal task forces to specialize on the complicated details of the Watergate story. Their purpose is to be prepared to discuss intelligently when the commit-tee begins debating the issue in two weeks.

Rep. Hamilton Fish (R-N.Y.) said the impression he got of Mr. Nixon from Butterfield's testimony was that the President is "a man of enormous attention to detail. a man whose relaxation and recreation was work."

At the same time, Fish said, the President's contacts were limited. "Mr Haldeman was the one who saw him the most," usually several times a day and often for hours on end.

As a consequence, Fish said he found it "highly plausible" that the President might not have talked to Dean for lengthy periods. Haldeman, by contrast, had immediate access, Fish said.

Asked whether it was likely, in light of Mr. Nixon's attention to detail, that he would not have known of the Wate-gate cover-up for almost a year, Fish said: "It's plausible that Haldman didn't tell him. That's the big question mark in the whole thing."