By Margaret Gentry Associated Press

Attorney General Elliot L. Richardson yesterday spelled out for the first time a Justice

Department policy on allowing national security wiretaps.

In a letter to Senate Foreign Relations Committee
Chairman J. W. Fulbright (D-

• "To obtain foreign intelli- taps said to be necessary to gence information deemed espreserve national security. sential to the security of the United States.

Or to protect national security information against for-eign intelligence activities."

Richardson's statement was will not approve any application for electronic surveillance unless it is designed:

To protect the nation against actual or potential attack or other hostile acts of a foreign power.

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To protect the nation against actual or potential attack or other hostile acts of a foreign power. the first delineation of govern-ment policy on national secur-

The issue arose during the Foreign Relations Committee's hearings on the nomina-tion of White House national security adviser Henry A. Kissinger to be Secretary

The committee questioned Kissinger's role in authorizing national security wiretaps on

17 individuals.

Richardson told Fulbright
he outlined the policy in order
to fulfill, Kissinger's pledge to

See WIRETAP, A25, Col. 1

WIRETAP, From A1

obtain a statement clarifying wiretap procedures.

an intensive effort to set up new standards for wiretaps in domestic criminal and na-tional security cases. About 100 wiretaps of both types are The Attorney General said that he and Deputy Attorney in place, recent department General designate William figures showed.

Ruckelshouse are supervising blying the criteria of foreign

intelligence to all applications for wiretaps conducted with-out judical warrants.

Richardson noted the difficulty in distinguishing between domestic and foreign activities and said that he will "try scrupulously to follow the guidance and instruction guidance and instruction given to us by Congress and the courts, bearing in mind the importance of balancing

individual privacy with the needs of national security."
He contended, "I will continue to attempt to insure that a genuine national security interest is in fact involved. whenever we invoke this power and that we operate within the limits set by Congress and the courts."

Richardson assured Ful-bright that the department is following the Supreme Court order requiring warrants for electronic surveillance to gather information for domestic security cases.