Volume XXXVIII

San Francisco, June 1973

No.

Kep. Stark sues to en bing in Caml

constitutional question of whether the other groups, always with the same result. military force without a declaration of war repeatedly in the Courts by the ACLU and by the Congress each time. executive branch may commit long-term The Judiciary has dodged the core War in Indochina has been challenged

certain congressional actions to imply considered as justification for the war. defense appropriations bills have all been of the Selective Service Act and passage of The Gulf of Tonkin Resolution, renewal consent of the continued war in Indochina In the past, the courts interpreted

of Defense, the Air Force and the Navy, implied Congressional support for the bombing in Cambodia, but that the which charges that there is now no Stark (D-Oakland) against the Secretaries behalf of Representative Fortney H. (Pete) everse is true. ACLU-NC filed a suit last month on

CONGRESS OPPOSES BOMBING

repealed and that Congress has explicitly the Gulf of Tonkin Resolution has been signed by the President. He points out that bombing of Cambodia unconstitutional on that has been passed by the Congress and Marson asks the Court to declare the the grounds that it directly contradicts law In his brief, Legal Director Charles

> combat operations in Cambodia. prohibited the President from engaging in

says just that. Amendment, which was passed in 1970. all ground troops and POW's have authorize combat operations in Cambodia. activity should continue in Indochina once but it has stipulated that no military returned home. Not only has Congress failed to The Mansfield

'INHERENT' AUTHORITY

Cambodia or Laos." assistance to the governments of shall be construed as authorizing the use or other free world forces in actions of any such funds to support Vietnamese which-states that "... nothing herein incursion of 1970 has contained a appropriations bill since the Cambodian designed to provide military support and paragraph known as the Fullbright Proviso addition, every

specific limitation in the law which said commitment by the United States to Cambodia for its defense." foreign aid to Cambodia, it included a ... it shall not be construed as a Finally, when Congress approved

bombing of Cambodia on Congressional Already the Administration has recognized that it can no longer justify the actions and has developed an alternative



Charles Marson announce suit Attorney Peter Donnici, Executive Director Jay Miller and Legal Director to halt bombing at press conference.

is only a foreign policy tool for his use. seek a negotiated settlement. In other Constitution explained this. Richardson did not say where operations ordered by the President words, the Administration is saying that bombing which derives from his power to "inherent" authority to conduct the Congress is powerless to stop military Committee, he introduced the novel before the Senate Foreign Relations theory. Last month, when Secretary of thought that the President has Defense Elliot Richardson was testifying because the military might of this country

COURT MUST DECIDE

of checks and balances and it is the judicial severe threat to our Constitutional system Marson charged that this "represents a

> bombing unconstitutional." branch of the government which must the courts to declare continuation of the the Executive. Thus, it is incumbent on resolve the conflict between Congress and

unconstitutional war." and humanly possible to stop the killing in wounded and captured in trying to stop people from being killed, imperative that we do everything legally bringing the suit "because I think it is Indochina. Through this action, we are Congressman Stark stated that he was

argument before U.S. District Court Judge Alfonso Zirpoli in the near tuture. Alameda) by USF Law Professor Peter Congressman Ronald V. Dellums (D-Donnici. Both cases will be combined for A companion case was filed on behalf of