It Isn't the Cuban Missile Crisis

By THEODORE C. SORENSEN

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President Kennedy during the Cuban blance ends. Soviet shipping that risked the nightident Nixon's mining of North Viet-namese harbors, an interdiction of missile crisis of 1962 was, like Presmare of nuclear war. There all resem-The Naval quarantine proclaimed by

mination to supply its allies in Hanoi with at least a fraction of what our nuclear base capable of striking any combat units in Cuba sought to transaway. In 1962 Soviet equipment and different kind of threat to this nation miles from our shores posed a very range nuclear weapons only ninety own country is supplying its allies in ately false statements made about the borders. In contrast with the deliber-Hemisphere. In 1972 Soviet equipment city in the United States and Western ventional weapons nearly 9,000 miles than does the open delivery of conlin has openly acknowledged its determissile shipments to Cuba, the Kremchina has no mission beyond those (with almost no personnel) in Indoform that country into a strategic The sudden secret delivery of long-

or Congress. Organization of American States auwould be concerned with legalities, Moscow as well as our maritime allies Rio as well as a new and specific joint pation of Latin-American vessels in the obtained a unanimous vote in the ization or participation by either allies prefers to act alone, without authorresolution of Congress. President Nixon barricade. H einvoked the Treaty of thorizing his action and the partici-President Kennedy, advised that

of discretion and flexibility that this liberately sought to maintain a degree nedy's case accused him of not going criticized by Congressional leaders for far enough. But President Kennedy detheir actions, the criticism in Mr. Ken-Although both Chief Executives were



President Kennedy speaking on T.V. Oct. 22, 1962, on the Cuban situation

the Gulf of Tonkin and South China Sea. to our control than are events today in Caribbean were then far more subject tary developments in the neighboring latest interdiction fails to offer. Mili-

carrying offensive weapons. The Rusor taken into custody-not blown up. be (and were) instructed from Wash-States would not do. This week it did hibited vessels were to be turned back petroleum, medicine, the necessities of ington to let certain vessels pass. Prolife, everything; but this the United Mr. Kennedy noted, had kept out food sian blockade of West Berlin in 1948 The ban applied only to those ships U.S. picket ships, unlike mines, could

the sites then being prepared on Cuba could reach that island only by sea; President Nixon. Nuclear missiles and it than is the interdiction initiated by rocket launchers needed to complete ping in 1962 was far more focused on with supplies coming overland as they would not halt Hanoi's present offento North Vietnam now, even if feasible, moved. But halting all Soviet deliveries until that specific threat had been reand the quarantine was to last only the immediate threat that gave rise to ment of rail lines. its indefinite waging of guerrilla war sive in the South, nor make impossible did during Lyndon Johnson's bombard-

President Nixon, moreover, has tled

Yet the interdiction of Soviet ship-

of Soviet military equipment but to an end of the war itself. his interdiction not to the withdrawal

and holding his fire, President Kennedy or the opening of negotiations, are of the missile crisis. But mines that words will then require him to seek side Vietnam itself but a hardening in as predicted they accomplish little inalternative solution can be found. If tween two nuclear powers before an likely to produce confrontation sel, regardless of their cargo or identity sink every incoming and outgoing vesway for an early negotiated settlement used the 1962 quarantine to pave the escalation. still higher steps up the ladder of Hanoi's will, President Nixon's own By more carefully limiting his aims be-

as quickly. Nor is world opinion was then. Finally, and frankly, we arrayed behind the United States as it in particular. Their leadership, less may not be as lucky this time as we be more reluctant to change courses tively stronger today then they were were in 1962. free-wheeling than Khrushchev's, may then, in both naval and nuclear power 1962. But the Soviets are compara-We all had reason to be fearful in

critics an take no comfort from a Soviet reply in kind. Instead, before exercise of military restraint. One mistake is all it takes; and saving rhetoric in public, and above all the at the United Nations, more cautious it is too late, if it is not already too brinksmanship appears to be, his planet. one's face is not worth losing our liations and communications, contacts back on the 1962 track: secret negolate, both sides must be urged to get But however reckless the President's

ney, was an aide to President Kennedy Theodore Sorensen, a New York attor-