(See also statement by George Bush, in reaction to story below; story is by Henry Tanner, HYTimes 1 Nov 71, this file.)



AT CONFERENCE ON CHINA: Senator Edward M. Kennedy and former Chief Justice Earl Warren at Fund for Peace meeting. Mr. Kennedy left for Washington after giving views.

Kennedy Blames Nixon for U.N. Attacks

By KATHLEEN TELTSCH

Senator Edward M. Kennedy After the speech, Mr. Kenaccused President Nixon yesterfor the Senate vote on foreign day of lack of leadership on the issue of China in the United Nations and of playing on the Senator Kennedy also appears to the speech, Mr. Kennedy also appears to the speech and the speech and the speech and the speech also appears to the speech and the

figure since Monday's vote to his plans to visit Peking. He expel the Nationalists in favor told his audience that an anof the mainland Chinese, Senaswer was needed as to whether tor Kennedy attacked the President of the trip "is to be a fixed star another out to the trip "is to be a fixed star ple to ease the shock.

charged that the President's know the full considerations failure to act had aroused passions against the United Nations that could tepple it, had jeopardized continued Senate support for American foreign aid and had even "tarnished" for the U.N. issue." This was a reference to the visit last week by Henry A. Kissinger, the President's adviser to Peking. Peking.

The Senator's speech was Continued on Page 10, Column 1 strongly applauded by 2,500 at a luncheon during an all-day convocation on the United States and China arranged by the Fund for Peace, a nonprofit

educational group.

After the speech, Mr. Ken-

Nations and of playing on "the worst instincts in his party and the nation."

In the strongest reaction to come from a major Democratic figure since Monday's vote to dent for not speaking out on the road to peace instead of promptly to the American peo- a passing comet in an Amerile to ease the shock. can election year."

The Massachusetts Senator He said that "we shall never

on national security.

"Perhaps the timing was a coincidence, and perhaps not, "Mr. Kennedy said. "We shall probably never know whether this was a gesture, exacted by Peking as the price of the President's coming visit."

Senator Kennedy, regarded as a possible Democratic candidate for President, pointedly noted in his speech that the expulsion of Taiwan by the expulsion of Taiwan by the General Assembly had been castigated by Senators and Representatives, liberals and conservatives alike, and that "Vice President Agnew gave vent to his own special brand of right-wing rage."

He said that although Mr.

Government.

However, he observed that "new horizons" had been opened and that Peking could assume a role in disarmament and other United Nations efforts. He also said that no permanent settlement in Indochina could be reached without agreement by China.

He said that although Mr. Nixon in recent weeks had made a number of television appearances to announce good news in foreign and domestic policy, "he failed us this week when the need was greatest."

"Why," he went on, "it is fair to ask, why did President Nixon not take the obvious opportunity to go again before the nation to ease the shock, to explain the vote, and to call for understanding by our people?"

Leadership 'Was Not There'

For a full day, "While the storm clouds gathere," the President stood aloof, Senator Kennedy said, and declared: "The leadership we needd was not thee."

The Senator complained also

that when the President's comments came two days later—through the White House press secretary, Ronald L. Ziegler—the President offered no soothing words but instead a "petty condemnation" of the conduct of the pro-Peking group on the Assembly floor because they reacted with too much "glee." "We had the spectacle of our President playing to the worst instincts in his party and the nation, pouring fresh fuel upon the fire, inciting further passions against the United Nations, abdicating his rethat when the President's com-

ed Nations, abdicating his re-sponsibilities at the very time when the need was clearest."

Finds an Abdication

"We see the damage all around us," Senator Kennedy declared.

"Know-nothings in America give vent to tirades that would topple the foundation of the

topple the foundation of the United Nations if they could."

"All we see now is retaliation and retrenchment. When men in high positions abdicate their true responsibility it fails to others to fill the gap," he declared. The remark was greeted with applause.

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Senator Kennedy said that Mr. Nixon should have reassured the American people that regardless of the vote. America's commitment to and and friendship with Taiwan was unimpaired. He also said the vote was not a defeat for the people of Taiwan and 'certainly not the end of the world for Chiang Kai-shek and his Government.

However, he observed that