## U.S. Education Staff Vacancies Laid to

By WILLIAM K. STEVENS Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, May 28-By the end of June, four of the boys who moved in on us, no House to him, that he remained six top staff positions in the question about it," said a pre- able to see the President and United States Office of Educa- Nixon staff member who asked that he did not contemplate

¶A feeling among some staff members that they are not being listened to even within their own agency.

The latest announced departures were those of James J. Gallagher, deputy assistant commissioner for planning, research and evaluation; Grant Venn, associate commissioner for adult, vocational and technical education, and B. Alden Lillywhite, associate commis-sioner for elementary and secondary education.

## No. 2 Job Vacant

The No. 2 spot in the office,

The No. 2 spot in the office, that of deputy to the commissioner, Dr. James E. Allen Jr., has been vacant for some time. Dr. Allen originally wanted to appoint to the position Peter P. Muirhead, a Democrat who had helped devise the Great Society education programs of the Johnson Administration, but the commissioner was rebuffed by the White House. Mr. Muirhead now heads the Bureau of Higher Educathe Bureau of Higher Education.

Mr. Lillywhite is retiring as of June 26. He said in an interview today that he had no complaints.

Mr. Venn, who is resigning as of June 30, said he was doing so because he no longer felt he had any "input" into

felt he had any "input" into decisions.

"You don't expect to win, always," he said, "but you do expect to be in the game."

Mr. Gallagher is saving his comments for a statement when he leaves June 13. But i is widely known that he frustrated by what to be his inc.

President, and his staff.

tion will be vacant. This development is viewed within the office partly as a symptom of widespread frustration over these matters:

The Nixon Administration's apparent reluctance to expand beyond their initial, limited scope the Federal education programs enacted during the Johnson Administration—programs that were conceived and nurtured within the Office of Education.

The Nixon Administration—programs that were conceived and nurtured within the Office of Education.

The Commissioner who asked that he did not contemplate resigning.

The Mixon Administration believe that Dr. Allen's public copposition to the Administration or his office and that with one cambodia—has reduced the influence of the office. They think this will be true at least as long as Mr. Allen is commissioner.

President Nixon is known to be angry at Dr. Allen's statement on Cambodia, and many of the features of the President's basic messages on higher education had originated with him or his office and that with one cambodia is slowed as long as Mr. Allen is commissioner.

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The commissioner indicated that the necessity of his having to function without a deputy had perhaps had an effect on the internal administration of his office and that other president's basic messages on higher education had originated with him or two exceptions, all his recommendations had been accept that the necessity of his having to function without a deputy had perhaps had an effect on ment or cambodia, and many or two exceptions, all his recommendations had been accept that the necessity of his having to function without and perhaps had an effect on the internal administration of his

Moynihan, counselor to the Dr. Allen said today in ar interview that no anger had "It's his [Mr. Moynihan's] been conveyed from the White