urned Down On Extradition

From the Los Angeles Times, AP, UPI

SACRAMENTO - Gov. Ronald Reagan refused Friday to extradite Edgar Eugene Brad-ley to New Orleans, to stand trial on a charge of conspiring to assassinate John F. Kennedy. Reagan's decision came nearly 11 months after New Orleans Dist. Atty. Jim Garrison for-mally charged Bradley.

The governor said his decision was 'based upon insufficient showing by Louisiana that Bradley had been in that state between August, 1963, and Nov. 22, 1963," as was charged in the extradition papers.

Bradley, 50, lives in North Hollywood and is West Coast business representative of Dr. Carl McIntire, an evangelist who makes fundamentalist religious radio broadcasts.

Shortly after Regan's decision knew none of the others impli-was announced, Judge Joan cated by Garrison and was in Dempsey Klein dismissed an his home on Nov. 22, 1963. extradition complaint against Bradley in Los Angeles Municiagainst pal Court.

Judge Klein acted on a recommendation by Deputy Dist. . Joseph Carr.

Edwin Meese, Reagan's legal affairs secretary, presided over a lengthy extradition hearing in June.

Consideration of guilt or inno-cence was not involved, said Messe, only "the requirement of the extradition law" the extradition law.

However, Meese noted:

"Louisiana officials were giv-en the opportunity to present witnesses to substantiate allegations (about Bradley) ... but

declined to do so."
"Naturally, I'm pleased," said
Bradley upon learning about the
governor's decision, "Now I challenge Mr. Garrison, if he is sincere, to come out here and question me to his heart's con-

tent."

Previously, Bradley had said he feared he would be "framed" if he had to stand trial in Louisiana and his life might be endangered.

Ever since Garrison's charge Dec. 20, Bradley has steadfastly maintained that he had no knowledge of the assassination,

Garrison claimed Bradley was

(Concluded on Page 2, Col. 1)

(Continued from Page 1)

Dallas the day the late president was shot, and plotted the assassination

Part of Gerrison's case was based on an affidavit by a former Dallas deputy sheriff who said he saw Bradley on the

a window in

on or of that he was on a his between Tuisa Okla, and El Pasa, Tex. at the time of the murder

At the extradition bearing in Sacramento more than five months ago. Bradley's attorney presented a meticulous documentation of his client's steps for several months before the Dellas slaying.

Attorney George Jensen's presentation appeared to demolish nearly all of Garrison's contentions while clearing Brad-

Bradley denied that he had



EDGAR E. BRADLEY . . . 11-month fight

been to New Orleans before April 1967 — more than three years after the assassination. He also said he had never been at Lakeport Airport, where Garrison charged the plot was

Jensen said Bradley had been the victim of mistaken identity.

Jensen produced a fuzzy photograph at the hearing of a man he said the New Orleans prose-cutor had identified as Bradley. He said the man Garrison.

He said the man Garrison-claims was Bradley was taller, larkier and younger than his client. He said the only resem-blance was a cloft in the chin.

While Garrison has issued numerous subpoenas for persons he claimed had knowledge of a plot to kill President Kennedy, Bridley was only the second addividual charged by the Loui-sana prosecutor since his con-troversial investigation became public knowledge two years ago. public knowledge two years ago.
The other is Clay Shaw, 55,
New Orleans civic leader, arrested there March 1, 1967.

Shaw's attorneys, thus far, have successfully stalled Garrison's efforts to try him. Currently the case is on appeal to the U.S. Supreme Court, the result of a suit against Garrison charging him with violating Shaw's civil rights.

Shaw's civil rights.

The Warren Report found that Lee Harvey Oswald, acting alone, killed Kennedy, But Garrison disputed the finding and has waged an independent investigation of his own.