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## CHILEAN MILITARY WILL KEEP CURBS

Junta Member Says 'Chaos'  
Makes Them Necessary

By MARVINE HOWE

Special to The New York Times

SANTIAGO, Chile Oct. 8—Gen. Gustavo Leigh Guzmán, a leading member of Chile's ruling military junta, declared today that political parties and a free press would not be allowed to return for the time being.

"This is not a time for discussions, dialogues, meetings, forums or congressional debates," General Leigh, the air force commander in chief, declared.

"We must pull this country out of its present chaos and clean it of undesirable, negative and dangerous elements. Only after achieving this aim will we study the suitability of authorizing political parties."

A Government spokesman said that General Leigh's statements, published in the right-wing Chilean daily *Tribuna*, "represent a consensus of the junta."

### Party Backed Take-over

The newspaper is closely linked to the right-wing National party, which was one of the most outspoken opponents of the leftist Government of President Salvador Allende Gossens and a fervent supporter of the military take-over.

General Leigh's statements came in an interview with the newspaper's editor, Raúl González Alfaro, and the resulting article was said to be the first public indication of concern in conservative political circles over the direction the junta seems to be taking.

The junta has outlawed the Marxist parties, declared the other parties "in recess" and closed Congress.

Mr. González declared in an introduction to the interview that his questions expressed "the anxieties" of many civilians.

The main points of concern he raised were the role of political parties under the military regime, the severe press controls, the nature of the new constitution, the continued presence of many Marxists in public life, and the actions of the armed forces, comparable to what he described as occupation forces in a foreign country," not distinguishing between Marxists and those who opposed the Marxist Government.

For the time being, I insist that I do not feel the presence of political parties necessary for the progress of the country, General Leigh declared, emphasizing that the new civilian official and civil servants had been chosen for their ability and not for their political beliefs.

### Press Controls Criticized

The general called questions on press controls "impertinent." Mr. González said that the military had "eliminated journalists and journalism" and had established the same system of controlled information as in the Soviet Union and other Communist countries, "from this point of view, we are worse off than under Allende," he asserted.

"The situation has changed in Chile and there are other rules of the game," General Leigh declared. He added that this was the price that journalists and the public must pay for another kind of freedom, "the freedom to think of the future, to educate their sons and to look forward to free elections."

This was a reference to the assertion by the military rulers that if they had not overthrown the former regime, President Allende's partisans would have acted to set up a Marxist dictatorship.

General Leigh confirmed that a group of jurists was studying the text of a new constitution and described certain principles that he said it should contain.

The first necessity, he said, is a clause that all political parties opposed to the democratic system are unconstitutional.

The constitution should also provide for a "second round" in presidential elections to insure an effective majority and should include guarantees against the abusive use of decrees, he said.

### Chile to Permit Inquiry

Special to The New York Times

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., Oct. 8—Chile has agreed to permit Amnesty International to make an on-the-spot investigation into charges that political opponents of the ruling junta have been arrested, tortured and executed without trial.

The agreement was made here today by Chile's Foreign Minister, Vice Adm. Ismael Huerta Díaz, who is attending the General Assembly.

He informed Martin Ennals, secretary general of Amnesty International, a respected non-political organization based in London, that a mission would be welcome in Chile at anytime and would be given full freedom.

The Foreign Minister had private talks this weekend with Secretary General Waldheim and is known to have offered new assurances that human rights will be observed.