

WASHINGTON — The FBI has been badly burned by the revelations that it has been misused by White House aides. Yet believe it or not, the FBI is still doing political chores for the White House.

FBI agents are quietly investigating those "Vietnam Veterans Against the War" who worked in the presidential campaign of Sen. George McGovern. This is part of a desperate search, apparently, for evidence that would somehow justify the bugging and break-ins authorized by the White House during the 1972 campaign.

As we reported May 23, trusted presidential aides are trying to put together evidence that subversives were conspiring in 1972 to defeat President Nixon and to undermine the political system. To assist in this research, the White House apparently has enlisted the FBI.

FBI agent David Rarity, for example, has questioned Vietnam Veterans who worked in McGovern's Watergate "veterans's affairs" office. His appearance coincided with White House interest in this sort of research. Rarity asked them about any possible subversive activities within the group.

"He asked me if any planning was done out of the Watergate for demonstrations at the Republican national convention," one veteran told us. "He also asked a lot about the Socialist Worker's Party - if there were any people associated with them around the office."

Other veterans interviewed by Rarity said he asked them the same questions. He also asked them to identify any "troublemakers" in the

organization.

Watergate conspirator James McCord testified last Tuesday that he was concerned about potential violence at the Republican national convention because he believed several radical organizations were operating within the McGovern campaign. The need to discover the extent of these operations. McCord said, formed the justification for bugging Democratic headquarters at the

Watergate.

Many of the scare stories came from Robert Mardian, then the Justice Department's internal security chief, who worked himself into a state of political paranoia. He deluged his superiors with warnings of civil disorders and political disruptions.

We have obtained access to some of these hush-hush Justice Department reports and close examination disclosed that Mardian's dire warnings were highly inflated.

The vets have told us that some who were recently questioned by the FBI had been attached to Army Intelligence during their

Vietnam duty.

"None of us were very high up in the McGovern operation," a vet told my associate Jack Cloherty. "We mostly stuffed envelopes and organized block parties."

Rarity told those he interviewed his investigation was prompted by a recent American Serviceman's Union demonstration.

The FBI refused to comment.

DISMANTLING PHILLIPS: Last January, President Nixon's antipoverty czar, Howard Phillips, claimed it was his patriotic duty to dismantle the Office of Economic Opportunity.

Now, five months later. Phillips has discovered that his own political career is being dismantled.

Phillips' friends describe him as a political appointee suddenly set adrift. "After OEO goes, where does Howie go?" asked one White House aide, sympathetic to Phillips. "He's not a lawyer. He's still in debt from his unsuccessful 1970 campaign for Congress. Howie wants to stay in Washington, but what agency will have him?"

Since the Watergate shake-up White House control of antipoverty programs has fallen largely to moderate Leonard Garment, the President's new legal counsel, and Frank Carlucci, second in command at the Department of Health, Education and Welfare.

Under their influence, many OEO programs vehemently opposed by Phillips are quietly being refunded. "There's a real chance now that there will be a much smoother transition of OEO programs to other agencies," one

liberal Senate aide confided. Taking their cue from Phillips,

his aides have been equally outspoken against the agency they are supposed to administer. Take, for example, a recent imbroglio over a \$9 million grant to the RAND Corporation for a continuing study on alternative forms of health insurance. In an internal memo, Robert Marshall, a Phillips "specialist," charged wildly that the RAND program is "loaded" to give Sen. Edward Kennedy "a most decided advantage in the presidential race for 1976. . . . " He added: "This is an abomination of desecration parallel to that of Antiochous Epiphanous IV when he placed a statue of Zeus in the reconstructed temple of Solomon which rightly enraged the Jews and which modern desecration will rightly enrage the American taxpayers."

Even Phillips, who himself has a fondness for the classics, was unimpressed with such rhetorical license. The proposal, now on Phillips' desk, very likely will get his approval.