McCord Disputes Alch on Offer of Reduced

By DAVID E. ROSENBAUM

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WASHINGTON, June 3 -James W. McCord Jr. Contradicted his former lawyer, Gerald Alch, once more today -charging in a television interview that Mr. Alch had never told him that the Government was willing to reduce the charges against him if he testified in the Watergate case.

Mr. Alch said at the Senate Watergate hearings two weeks ago that Government prosecutors had come to him twice last fall and had offered to drop most charges against McCord stemming from the Watergate burglary if McCord would agree to testify against other conspirators. Mr. Alch told the Senate committee that the offers were related to McCord and that both times McCord had rejected them.

McCord was convicted in January of all the eight counts of burglary, eavesdropping and conspiracy with which he had been charged.

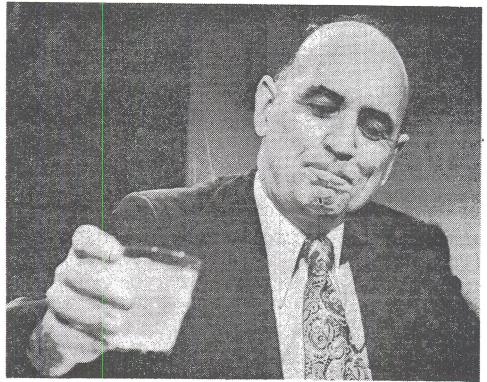
Rejection by Ervin

There were these other devel-

opments in the Watergate:

¶ Senator Sam J. Ervin Jr., chairman of the Senate committee investigating the Watergate affair, said today that Archibald Cox, the special Watergate prosecutor, had suggested that further Senate hearings be postponed. Senator Ervin, a North Brookings Institution here. Carolina Democrat, said he had rejected the suggestion.

Committee, said yesterday that vision, had told Senate Investo plead guilty in return for fore telling his version of the his home in Dallas was broken ligators that G. Gordon Liddy, executive elemency and had en-



James W. McCord Jr. before his televised interview yesterday in Washington

respect for Congress and the been handling the Watergate Cord knew that he could have judiciary.

¶ Time magazine reported

¶Newsweek magazine ported that Robert C. Mardian, his home in Dallas was broken into last summer and that he suspected "the same crowd" that had burglarized the Democratic headquarters at the Watergate the Democratic headquarters at the Watergate Democratic headquarters at the Watergate Conspiracy, had told watergate burglary was a Central Intelligence Agency plot.

Mr. Alch denied both of those with either the Watergate Watergate Hotel.

Watergate Line Watergate burglary was a Central Intelligence Agency plot.

Mr. Alch denied both of those with either the Watergate break-in or any subsequent attempts at a cover-up. But he

result of Watergate but that the riod" the three assistant United them down. affair had resulted in greater States Attorneys who have The question of whether Mc-

case for the past year.

that the Nixon Administration's special investigations unit, known as the "plumbers," had planned to break into the conflict between him and Mr.

Mictoria s confinents today on humber of charges if he agreed to testify bears heavily on his credibility as a witness.

Senators on the Watergate committee seemed impressed Alch.

Denials by Alch

Robert S. Strauss, chairman former head of the Justice De-McCord contended that Mr. a satisfactory explanation of the Democratic National partment's internal security di-Alch had tried to persuade him why he had waited so long be-

pleaded guilty to a reduced McCord's comments today on number of charges if he agreed

by most parts of McCord's testimony two weeks ago. But During the Senate hearings, they were never able to obtain

Watergate Hotel.

¶ Six Governors said in a approval of President Nixon.

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¶ Newsweek also reported that Mr. Cox planed to dismiss serious loss of prestige as a "after a respectable grace peans" allegations. In a telephone interview today, he also insisted tempts at a cover-up. But he said that he firmly believed that the President "set in motion the watergate but that the riod" the three assistant United them down. it and followed through on it." McCord said that he based

Charges

his conclusion on his knowledge of the close relationship between the President and the former Attorney General, John N. Mitchell.

"I feel that matters of this consequence would, in fact, be conveyed to the President before Mr. Mitchell undertook or approved an operation of this breadth and of this impact," McCord said.

McCord testified before the Senate committee that he had been told of several meetings in which Mr. Mitchell participated and at which the Watergate burglary was planned.

But McCord also told the committee that, although he saw Mr. Mitchell many times luring the period in which the pperation was being conceived, he had never asked the former Attorney General about it.

Meeting With Cox

Senator Ervin said today at a news conference in Boston, where he received an honorary degree from the Boston University law school, that he had turned down Mr. Cox's request for a delay in the hearings because "if the prosecution doesn't have enough after a year to convict, I do not think they should ask someone else to delay."

Mr. Ervin said that he met with Mr. Cox yesterday and that Mr. Cox had asked that hearings be postponed until after indictments had been returned in the Watergate case. Mr. Ervin said that might take two to four months. "The American people have a right to get to the bottom of this," he declared.

Mr. Strauss said yesterday in Stateline, Nev., where he was attending the National Governors Conference, that his home was broken into on a weekend about three weeks after the Watergate burglary.

He said that valuable furs and jewelry as well as papers had been strewn about his house but that nothing was stolen. "They weren't looking for jewelry or anything; they were looking for papers," said Mr. Strauss, who, at the time of the burglary, was treasurer of the Democratic party.

The six Governors who spoke about Watergate today on the National Broadcasting Company's program, "Meet the Press," were Democrats Marvin L. Mandel of Maryland, Dale Bumpers of Arkansas, George C. Wallace of Alabama and Mike O'Callaghan of Nevada and Republicans Linwood Holton of Virginia and Robert D. Ray of Iowa.

Governor Holton, chairman of the Republican Governors Association, urged President Nixon to hold a series of news conferences to "clarify the ambiguities as they come up" in the Watergate affair.