



WASHINGTON — The secret White House summaries of the Watergate tapes dispute John Dean's explosive Senate testimony about his private conversations with President Nixon.

If it could be proven that Dean told the truth, the President could be impeached for the crime of obstructing justice. But excerpts from the key tapes, quoted in summaries prepared by the White House, support the President's version.

We haven't seen the summaries, which White House chief of staff Alexander Haig keeps in a folder under lock and key. But sources with access to them have told us what the summaries contain.

In methodical, lawyer-like language, the summaries quote the most damaging charges that Dean made in his Senate testimony and refute them with lengthy, verbatim quotes from the Watergate tapes.

Those who have seen the summaries have no way of knowing, of course, what has been left out. In view of the erased 18 minutes of the vital June 20, 1972, tape, it is possible that the White House summaries don't disclose the whole story.

In their present form, however, they support the President's contention that he didn't learn about the Watergate cover-up until March 21, 1973.

Dean is quoted in the March 21 summary as warning the President: "This is going to take you by surprise." Then Dean outlined the involvement of the President's trusted aides in the Watergate cover-up. Dean confessed that he, too, was implicated.

"Oh, John, you have no problem," said the President. But Dean insisted, "Yes, I have."

In a reference to his former right bower, H. R. "Bob" Haldeman, the President asked: "Is Bob involved?" Dean gave an evasive answer. Throughout the conversation, neither Dean nor the President mentioned the left bower, John Ehrlichman.

They discussed the possible guilt of Jeb Stuart Magruder, Frederick LaRue, G. Gordon Liddy, E. Howard Hunt and other Watergate figures.

Dean said it would be necessary to raise \$1 million to pay for the costs of Watergate. "That will be no problem," said the President.

Then he questioned Dean about the purposes of the money. Dean said Hunt was demanding money. The President wanted to know why he wanted it, whether it was for himself or the others. The President also asked how they could be sure Hunt's demands for money would stop.

In the end, the President ruled out any hush payments. "That we can't do," he said.

Dean also raised the question of offering executive clemency to

the Watergate defendants. "That's out," the President is quoted in the summary as saying. "We can't offer clemency to anybody."

As Dean spelled out the details, the President referred to the original break-in. "What were they looking for?" he asked.

Of his aides who were implicated, he stated firmly: "Everybody has got to go to the grand jury."

Earlier conversations between the President and Dean on September 15, 1972, February 27, 1973, and March 13, 1973, according to the White House summaries, disclosed none of the details that Dean testified he had given the President. Dean didn't level with the President, if the summaries are accurate, until March 21.

Our sources say the White House has withheld the summaries because of the bad public reaction to his tax, ITT and milk fund disclosures. But apparently, the summaries have been shown to a few top Republicans such as Senate GOP leader Hugh Scott.

FOOTNOTE: The summaries give the President's verbatim language, including some startling cuss words.

INSIDE THE WHITE HOUSE: Although President Nixon meant it when he swore he would "fight like hell" against Watergate, he is losing his zest for battle and showing signs of strain, our White House sources say...He is also drinking more martinis. Sometimes his friend, Bebe Rebozo, mixes a small pitcherful before they sit down together for an evening's relaxation...The President's favorite is what he calls an "in and out" martini. He pours vermouth over the rocks, swishes it around and dumps it out. Then he adds the gin...

The President is often restless at night and loves to take off on impulsive drives with his friend Bebe...The President fiercely reiterated at a private breakfast with Speaker Carl Albert that he has no intention of resigning. Nixon said he recognized his popularity has plummeted, but he wasn't going to let the popularity polls drive him out of the White House. The late Harry Truman fell even lower in the popularity polls while he was President, Nixon recalled. He swore to Albert that he had committed no impeachable offense...

The two aides who spend the most time with the President are Gen. Alexander Haig and Ronald Ziegler. The President has developed a strong personal affection for Ziegler, but Haig has replaced the ousted H. R. Haldeman as the most powerful aide, our sources say... Increasingly, the President is turning all domestic problems over to Haig to handle and concentrating his own attention upon foreign affairs.