Paper Asks Quashing Of Bug Case Subpoena

By Lawrence Meyer Washington Post Staff Writer

The Los Angeles Times and III. two of its reporters argued yesterday that if they are key government witness in the sary, in order to avoid producforced to reveal confidential trial of seven men charged ing the materials. material given them by a key prosecution witness in the Watergate bugging case, the decision would have a national impact and "would ... directly erode the people's right to

To buttress their position, the newspaper and the reporters filed affidavits from a wide Party headquarters from a variety of reporters and for- motel across the street. mer government officials including James C. Hagerty, Sirica last week ordered the press secretary to President Times to produce the tapes der President Nixon and now Dwight D. Eisenhower, who and other materials from in- Washington bureau chief of said confidential agreements terviews conducted with Baldare "crucial to the newsgather- win by Nelson and Ostrow. ert J. Manning, editor-in-chief ing function of the media in The materials are to be pro- of the Atlantic Monthly and the United States."

The Times and the two re- the subpoena issued. porters, Jack Nelson and Ronald J. Ostrow, filed separate the subpoena and the materimotions asking Chief U.S. Dis- als are not produced in court trict Judge John J. Sirica to today, the judge could cite Osquash a subpoena requiring trow, Nelson and Times' Washthe Times to turn over tapes ington bureau chief John Law-

more than five hours of inter- The Times and the two reportviews with Alfred C. Baldwin ers have said that they will ap-

with the June 17 break-in and alleged bugging of the Democratic National Committee's the interviews with Baldwin Watergate headquarters. On had been conducted with the Oct. 5, the Times published a explicit agreement that nothfirst-person account by Bald-ing would be disclosed without win, as told to Nelson, of how Baldwin's approval. he monitored telephone conversations at Democratic

duced in court today under

If Sirica refuses to quash and other materials from rence for contempt of court.

peal an adverse decision to Baldwin is expected to be a the Supreme Court, if neces-

> Nelson and Ostrow filed affidavits yesterday stating that

Besides the affidavits filed by Hagerty, Ostrow and Nelson, sworn statements were presented by Clark R. Mollen-At the defense's request, hoff, a Pulitzer Prize winner, former White House aide unthe Des Moines Register; Robformer assistant secretary of State for public affairs under Presidents Kennedy Johnson; Edwin O. Guthman. national news editor of the Los Angeles Times and special assistant for public information to former Attorney General Robert F.Kennedy; John Seigenthaler, editor of the Nashville Tennessean and administrative assistant to Robert F. Kennedy in the Justice Department; and CBS news correspondent Fred P. Graham.

> In his own affidavit, Ostrow states that he has "regularly" guaranteed news sources "that, I would not disclose their identity and also that I would honor their request not to report certain information that they provide only for the purpose of explaining to me the total context of a situation."

> Ostrow, a reporter for 16 years, said that his ability "to report effectively" on the Justice Department, his assign-

ment for almost seven years, "is attributable to the reputation I have earned for keeping confidences and never violating an agreement with a source."

Turning over the materials from the Baldwin interview would damage his reputation and deny him the ability to promise to respect confidential information in the future, Ostrow said. "Beyond the effect on me would be the severe impact such developments could have on the willingness of other sources to talk to reporters about matters that might wind up in litiga-

If the subpoenas were enforced against the Times, Nelson and himself, Ostrow said. defense attorneys "throughout the nation" would be encouraged to subpoena the notes of reporters who have talked to government witnesses. "Such a development would inevitably deter individuals both in and out of government from giving any information to reporters and would thus directly erode the people's right to know," Ostrow said.

Hagerty, President Eisenhower's press secretary for eight years and now a vice president of ABC, said that confidential agreements are "crucial" so that reporters can avoid "inadvertently present-

ing incomplete or inaccurate accounts."

If such subpoenas or the "possibility" of subpoenas becomes known to news sources, Hagerty said, "it is my opinion that these sources would soon be fearful of supplying reporters and correspondents with information on a confidential 1 basis."