MEMORANDUM FOR THE FILES FROM PETE KINSEY SUBJECT: INTERVIEW WITH LUCIEN CONEIN

On january 21, 1975, Senator weicker and I interviewed Col. Lucien Conein who is currently head of special operations of the strategic intelligence section of the Drug Enforcement Administration.

Conein said that he retired from the CIA in July of 1968. In 1969 he went to South Vietnam on his own where he tried to make some money through his connections there. Being unsuccessful, he returned to the U.S. imiearly 1971. Heewent to France for six weeks with his wife and returned in April, 1971. Inclates 71 learly 72? heewas contacted by the White House regarding his sknowledge of drugs sin SE Asia.

Krogh was the first person to talk to Conein about this and asked him what hee thought about the drugs situation and ask what would hee do if the had the responsibility for counteracting at Innresponse.

Conein preparate prepared a paper outlining his ideas which he gave to Krogh.

On another occasion. Krogh-asked-Conein-about-how-to-go-aboutsetting-up-a-drug-intelligence-organization-and-that-although the
White-House-was-getting-inputs-from Customs-and-BNDDD, he-wanted-ann
outsider to-take a look at it. Conein-wmote-another paper statingthat trafficking-organizations-had-to-be-penetrated using-basicallysame
the clandestingermeans-which-had-generally-been-employed-by-the-CIAixn: SETAsia-

About the time of the release of the Pentagon Papers, Coneins said he got as call from an aquamaquaintance, Howard Hunt, who said he wanted Conein too comes to the White House to talk to him.

This occurred in early July, 1971. Hunt-told Conein that he was

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working for the President and that anything that was said between them would be covered by executive privilege. Hunt interviewed Conein at the White House and asked him about Ellsberg whom Conein had worked with in Vietnam. Conein told Hunt that Ellsberg had been highly thought of while in Vietnam - in fact - so highly thought of that Ambassador Porter had taken him on his staff. [Note this was the meeting Hunt had the couch and then satenit]

Conein said he was surprised when the camera crews arrived at his-house the day of the Pentagon Papers release. Conein said Bill Gill of ABC handed him as copy of the NY Times and had underlined Coneins namecinathe numerous places it appeared. Conein told Gill that he couldn't talk too him because of the esecurity agreement he had enteredd into with the CIA when he had left. According to Congein, Gill then said that he knew as security man at CIA that he would call to seed if permission could be given for Conein tootalk. Conein said that Gill called this man using Conein sphone. The CIA called Gill back a while later and told him that Conein could not talk. Conein said that in those days you thought "holy hellk" would fall on your if you talked.

Coneinsaid he had never had anywontact with Kissinger but that he had met his principal aids. He had known Haig from his days in Vietnam and recalled John Lehman's name. He said the reswere others but he couldn't remember their names. Conein said that Hunt had not found him in a shopping center on his way out of the country. Hunt had been trying to call him at home but Conein had changed his phone to an unlisted number so Hunt had difficulty in reaching him. Conein said, however, that Hunt called him at home: Coneinsaid that after Gill had left; the CIA called him and asked if the press had left. When Conein told them that they had, the CIA told Conein to meet them in a bowling alley behind the and coneinshopping center.

Conein said he met the CIA people at the Bowling alley where he was given a similed envelope. He took the envelope home and opened it and found \$500 in 20's. Conein said he laughed, threw the money in the air and said to himself "Where the hell can I go on \$500?" with a wife, three kids, dogs etc. Coneins said that he called the CIA security man and told him that he was not a CIA paid agent and that he was not leaving. He wrote a note returning the \$500 to the CIA and signed it "Luigi"

During the time the white paper on the DIEM coups was being prepared by NBC, Conein said herwas called and told that the White House was interested in Conein being interviewed. Conein said that he contacted the CIA security people who gave permission for himstood the interview. Conein said that the White House wanted him too say who had actually engineered the Diem assasination. Conein said that he would not do it—that his interest in the story was what the CIA had done to prevent the assassination. He did say that the interview, which was aired in DEccofi 1971; did not come out the way it should have.

Conemn said that in January of 1972, Krogh called him to the Whitee House and told him that they had some other work for him and that they would pay him for it. The work involved writing two more paperss relating to international drug trafficking. After that Krogh told Conein that they could no longer keep in him at the White House and asked him if the was interested imagoing to BNDD or Customs. Conein said he selected BNDD because it was related to his in field of expertise. Ingersoll interviewed Conein in June, 1972 after which ENDD intelligence took Conein on assac consultant until they offeredd him a permanent position in December of 1972.

Conein said he had never mettColson or John Scali. Hersaid hee learned of Colson posing at FreddCharlessin the telephone calllass a result of the Watergate testimony.

Conein said he never denied having seen the cables forged by Hunt.

He said that there were a stack of cables - all with Top Secret

classifications. He didn't read them because he did not have a security

clearance. Conein said he only saw the forged cable much later at

a meeting with Lambert of Life magazine. Lambert had called him and

said that he had a document that he wanted Conein to see. Conein met

him and Lambert showed him the cable. Conein said when he saw it that

iffit were true; that he (Conein) had been played for a patsy by

Henry Cabott Lodges. Coneinsaid after that he went thome and on as

greens (secure) phone called Colby at the CTAL and told him of the

cable and its implications. Colby said the had one verseen the cable

either: Coneinsaid the cable showed complicity is nof the Whitee

House ein instructions to Lodge to have Diemass assinated. However;

according to Conein; Lodge would have had to have been awake at 6 am.

and he knew that Lodge never got up at 6 am.

Coneinnsaid that the BNDD-CIA agreement was terminated in July off

Conein said he never saw Ehrlichmans.

Coneinsadd thattafter Nixon sebig meeting on marcotics in 1971. the CIA-formed a narcotics unitatos coordinate intelligence activities. He said that for example, the CIA-inn Labssin 1971 were not concerned akakabout drug traffic, but that when Nixon stepped up efforts against international traffickers, action was required. Coordination was also required. Kroghiwas the coordinator rate the White House and chaired the committee responsible for coordinating agency efforts.

At BNDD (and now DEA) conein worked in strategic intelligences.

Hissfirst job was to start assembling the necessary information to develop patterns of trafficking organizations. Conein is now heading up the special loperations section which involves training individuals to go into a country (with that country sapproval) to gather intelligence on trafficking organizations. Conein said that

the DEA man established the operation and when the host country approves, he goes in-country and works with the host country's authorities. Conein said that this may involve recruiting in-country nationals and supplying and training them in the use of electronic bugging and camera equipment. Conein said that he has three men on his staff and 14 individuals in various stages of training.

When Weicker showed Conein the BR Fox catalogue of assassination equipment, Coneinsaida Yessir. ... boy this is something. ... ThissgxgqqyMitcheissonesofftheacraziestcSOBbssliveseverrmett" Coneinusaidothattabouttasyeariagocheswasslookinggfor somesspecializedo 500 cyclechugging devices for useczifoverseas. Heesaidathat Mikee MorrisseyvoffBRR Foxx madessuchhequipmentt, Heaxxsaidathatiwhenn And the second s Morrissey:wassdemonstrating;the=bugging;xsequipment;he=alse=brought; assassination The same of the sa innsomes estaloge devices: Coneinsaid he didnitibuy any -- that he wouldnittownsknones. ConeinsaidSheedidsnottknow.BarbaraaFoxxSpindelt and couldinotirecalllevershearing; of BernieeSpindell. and the same of th

Weickers said that from reading the cover memor its sounded likes Morrissey was making the equipment especially for Conein. Conein. said that was note true and that the awould go under oath. Cone in said that the chasenever chadd this stype of fequipments. Coneins aid the enever showeddany interest in the ASTRO like of equipment:

Coneinsaid that:in:Aprillor:May 1974 hecordered bugging equipment: from BRIFox for use overseas. The equipment included 3 on line at elephone a bugging devices, 35 telephone bugging devices, and 36 receivers. Hee said he still had the equipment sices since it had been decided not ---toruseaitt. The second secon

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Coneinsaid that the first met Morrissey in 1973: At the times MorrisseeyvhadddevelopeddaaKelluniftinntheashapeaoffaalargeebeltt. ConeinnsaiddheemetcMorrisseywinntheeRosslynnareaswhereeMorrisseyyhadd .... and offices. He told Morrissey to send the belt tover to Justice for them to look at. The Rukkxix belt was returned to Morrissey becauses it was too heavy to use. Conein said he met Morrissey again in April or May of ? and told him he was interested in listening devices. Conein said he met Morrissey a total of four or five times. He said that DEA ordered the bugging equipment from him but that he was not very reliable because he did not deliver on schedule.

Conkein said that he and Mitch Werbell had been in the OSS
together in China. He said that Werbel was an armaments manufacturers
and that he had been to Werbell's plant outside Atlanta on two occasions.

He said that Werbel was a big wheeler-dealer and that is on one
occasion had wanted is Conein to go to London for him to arranger
purchase offscrap from south vietnam. Conein said that Werbell hass
as fantastic weapons collection including thousands of silencess for maching gunss

ConeinsaidEthatiatitheademonstrations, Morrissey, demonstrated:

the bugging equipment, buttanother man demonstrated the assassinations

devices. Coneinsaid that over the years lots of people have shown:

himmlots of devices of this sort, but he remarked that he was intrigued;

with these devices because they were triggered electronically instead;

of chemically. Coneins remarked that a lot of people think that once a

you have been in the CIA you resalways in the CIA.

Conein:tolddSenator:Weicker:thattheeshoulddsakkforram:FBFI
investigation and that heewoulddvoluntarily takedaspolygraphntest.
Theeonly; correspondence:Conein:saiddhechaddwith:Morrissey; that the coulddrecall was as letter of confirmation nunder: titlecIIII of the wiretaps tatute that the equipment (bugging) would be used for law enforcement purposes. Conein:did not know why someone would try too sell him assassination equipment, Heed said that there were as lot of people who thought he was more involved in things at the CIA than heereally; was . Weicker: asked Conein: if the haddlaunched any inquiry after seeing the demonstration of assassination equipment. Conein said the haddnot — that the Fox was legally licensed and doing work for the government. Conein: said that the conly agency he could think of which would be interested in the ASTRO equipment would be cone of the covert arms of the CIA. Conein also mentioned that he told Morrissey

after the demonstration that if organized crime ever got any of that equipment they would have a field day. Conein said that another man: from his office by the name of Searle ("Bud") Frank was with him at the time of the demonstration.

I called Frank at his office at DEA and asked him if he would come join us in the meeting. Mr. Frank arrived and discussed his version of the meeting with Morrissey, which essentially confirmed what Conein had toldius. Frank said the equipment was demonstrated in annoffice on Connecticut avenue outside of DEA headquarters. Mi Frank said the took annacademic interest in the cassassination equipment because he had never seen such equipment before. Frank feels that Morrissey may have demonstrated the ASTRO equipment as a way of testing the waters or expressing professional prides. Frank said the meeting lasted about annhour and as half. Frank had no ore collection of Morrissey saing that the had sold the assassination equipment to any other federal agency. Frank said the shed the feeling that Morrissey is firm was with another arm most the egovernment.

Franksaid that DEA-haddnever approved the ASTROL equipment or its application. He said it was raised in informal discussions among the agents, but the superiors said that tin no instance would such equipment ever be sused. He said that as a result of recent Supreme Court decisions regarding wire tapping, it was decided that the bugging equipment they had a purchased from Morrissey could not be eused overseas.

AttSenator Weickertssuggestion, Coneimplaced@ascalliton
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