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TALKS OF SCANDAL

Huebner Says Not All Those Involved Deserve Scorn

> By B. W. APPLE Jr. Spacial to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20 Two weeks ago, on his last day as a White House speech writer, Lea W. Huebner watched hor-rified as a former staff colleague, Egil Krogh, Jr., said good-bye on television as he prepared to begin a Watergate-

related jail term.

As he reflected on the ex-periones, Mr. Huebner said in an interview, he concluded that while there were unquestion-ably people of "dubious ethical standards" in the White House, who fell naturally into Watergate, "there were also a lot of young people without great experience who found themselves straddling the line between right and wrong."

Mr. Huebner, who is 33 years old, was one of the original members of the White House writing team under President itoon he was something of an anomaly there, since he was one of the rounders of the Ripon Society a group of liberal young assumicans, in 1962.

"He was still refuceant, so apon the his departure from the

where his departure from the White House for a job in New York with Walter Thaye, a long-time liberal Republican fund-rates, to deliver any general judgments about Watergate.

Not All Diserve Criticism

But he feet size, Mr. Huebner said, that not all the
Watersese participants deserve
the obloquy heaped up on

them.

He suggested at least one reason for the climate within the White House that may have led many staff members astray -a tendency to confuse tech nique with substance, of all the senior officials in Mr. Nixon's first term, said Mr. Huebner, "only Henry Kissinger managed to keep the two things in perspective—and that had a lot to do with his suc-cess."

When he began to learn of the dimensions of the scandal, the former speech writer said. he was bewildered and sur-prised and skepucal and shocked and above all sad."

Nonetheless, he remains con-

vinced, on the basis of infornation so far on the public second, that Mr. Nixon will mether resign nor be removed from office. The President told him during their last meeting, he said, that "this business

about me quitting is nonsense."
One of the roun tions for the President's determination

to having on, Mr. Horebner, sug-gested, his his intensive concentration on a constituency not often considered-not the American public or Congress but foreign leaders.

Looks to Foreign Audieuce "His looks to that foreign audience," Mr. Huelder said. "Emotionally that's kind of the center of things for him, and it's where he hopes to make his mark in history. As long as they are willing to deal with him, to take his word seri-ously, he feels that he is in a

strong position.

'The corollary, I suppose, is that if any strable group of foreign leaders thought they detected a weakness in him that they could exploit, he would have to reassess his po-

sition rather dramatically."
Mr. Nikon's biggest triumph in his first five years in office, Mr. Ruebner argued, was his sureign rolley — especially in-

proving relations with China and setting out on the road toward defense with the Soviet Union. His biggest failure, the young writer added, was the creation of a huge public-relations apparatus that never worked because of the Nizonians' fear of the media, which "tended to fulfill itself."

Although the Nixon Admin-

istration has often been char-istration has often been char-acterized as conservative Mr. Huebne said that I had at least "legun a thrust" toward many of the goals of Ripon So-leity members and other Repubtion liberals, including better relations with China and the Soviet Union, a negative income tax, revenue straing a volunteer army and better health care.

A Difficult Task

But 'it will be tough' for
the President to re-establish his momentum in this three remaining years, Mr. Huebner said, and impossible unless he can find "some means to reassure the public about Watergate."

In 1974, he said, individual Republican office-holders should be able to survive "if they are dentified as those who want to clean up this mess and take steps against similar abuses in the future." He mentioned as one man in this category Senator Charles H. Percy of Illinois. But over all, he said, he ex-

pected the Republicans to lose

Congressional seats. For 1976, Mr. Huebner agreed with the prevailing judgment that Vice President Ford would be favored if he sought the Republican Presidential numination, but he added a caveat: It will be the first time ever that the Republican hopefuls will have to "run a gantlet of a dozen primaries" such as the Democrats ran in 1968 and 1972, and that, he suggested, "might produce a surprising candidate.