Nixon Gives the G.O.P. Chairman More Authority as

white House a few weeks ago Democratic Congress.

The goal at the committee is something like this: Get good the was told he was in the party's Congressional hominees the backing of the Democratic to the backing of the Democratic to the backing of the Democratic to the backing of the Democratic Congressional hominees they will buy organization; In Indianal In Indianal Congressional hominees the backing of the Democratic Congressional hominees they will buy organization in Indianal Congression in Indianal Congressi

coming more frequent, reflecting an unorthodox decision by President Nixon as he looks ahead to the 1974 Congressional elections: For the time being at least, the White House political operation has been disbanded, and the national committee, under its new chairman, George Bush, has taken over the liaison and

patronage roles,
Historically, the chairmen of parties in power have lacked clout

Under John F. Kennedy, for example, John M. Bailey was the party chairman, but Law-rence F. O'Brien at the White House was the man to see. Similarly, Senator Robert Dole was the party chairman dur-ing most of Mr. Nixon's first term, but the man to see was Harry S. Dent, the White House operative,

Dent Still Active

Mr. Dent has returned to Columbia, S. C., to practice law, but he remains active in party affairs as the national committee's general counsel. White House sources say he ____could_have_his_old_job_back any time he wanted it, and even in his work for the committee, he plays a key role.

"He remembers the names," a senior White House aide said this week-meaning, presumably, that Mr. Dent knows who owes the White House and whom the White House owes.

But Mr. Dent spends only a few hours a week on party business, so the burden falls to Mr. Bush. Mr. Nixon is still the party leader, of course, and he has made it clear to staff members and outsiders that the former Texas Representative and former United Nations Ambassador is his man.

At a meeting with the House Republican leaders not long ago, for example, Mr. Nixon went out of his way to tell them to clear something with Mr. Bush, It was not a legis-

Incidents like that are be majority," as Mr. Bush said in

from one of Mr. Nixon's the work with young voters in the

By R W. APPLE Jr. the President, was fatally Thus, while Richard Thaxton ories. He has told associates flawed. The strategy, which works on patronage questions, repeatedly that the principal kept the President's campaign Mr. Bush will devote much of showing in the 1970 Congres-When a Republican Governor resulted in a landslide for him but the election of another youthful charm to can lidate hacks' as candidates. A typing the west called at the landslide of the principal will charm to can lidate head of the principal will be nearly and showing in the 1970 Congressional elections was "too many youthful charm to can lidate head of the landslide of the principal will be nearly and hacks' as candidates. A typing the proposition of the principal was a specific considerable principal was

Once again, the idea stems at the White House for his

White House Prepares for

1974 National Elections

lative matter; that remains a White House prerogative. But political and patronage questions go to the committee.

Why the change?
One Republican politician privy to Mr. Nixon's thinking argues that "for the first time in his career, the President's interests coincide with those of the party."

No Re-election Worries

With no need to worry about his own re-election, Mr. Nixon no longer need concern himself with standing aloof from party infighting, as he has done in the past. So he no longer needs to have an independent political organization.

Thus, it makes sense-or so this line of argument goes— to identify the White House with the national party structure and work for the election of Congressional candidates.

Mr. Nixon has also con-cluded, according to one of his aides, that the 1972 strategy developed by H. R. Haldeman, his chief of staff, and Clark MacGregor, head of the Com-mittee for the re-election of 1972 campaign, following his To which one White House successful handling of the 1970 official replied, incredulously: senatorial campaign of Senator "That's a power center?"

ciation with James Allison, an-regulars. other professional organizer, "You can't even get a tele-has led to complaints about a phone call returned from the "Southern Mafia" in Republi White House unless you're a can politics. A Middle Western Southerner, said L. Keith President, and everyone knows the state chairmen, either.

william E. Brook of Tennessee. The new structure notwith Mr. Reitz's association with Mr. Brock and then with Mr. Bush, and their common asso satisfactions among some party

party chairman, for example, Bulen, the Indiana national says that "it's all a front for committeeman. "They don't the 1976 Brock campaign for care diddly-damn for us or for

Others, including some in the

Mr. Bush conceded that that we've had in years." was one of his problems. Does

so far, we have had superb since.

White House, are worried about cooperation from the White what they regard as a ten-House staff, and we have more dency to enforce ideological Congressmen and Governors in purity from the top down. this office in recent weeks than

Though he is a stanch loythe committee decide early on alist, Mr. Rush apparently inwhom it supports, he asked, and then try to head off primaries? How much does it rely after he took over, according after he took over, according on local judgment of the state to a colleague, the White political scene?

House sent him the text of a "There are a lot of mine letter with a peremptory note fields I have to walk through," telling him to sign it and send Mr. Bush-said. "We have a lot it out. He refused, and no such of unanswered questions. But orders have been forthcoming