## Fund With Birch Society Ties Helped Otepka in State

## Department Job Fight by Paying Legal Debts

BY EIL SHEEHAN to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, April 3fund with John Birch Society associations has paid about 80 per cent of the \$26,500 in legal costs incurred by Otto F. Otepka in his four-year fight to win reinstatement as the Department's chief security

Department's chief security evaluator.

James M. Stewart, who runs the American Defense Fund, said that \$22,000 had been given to Mr. Otepka, who has been nominated by President Nixon to the Subversive Activities Control Board.

While the fund was publicizing his dispute with the Department to solicit money on his behalf, Mr. Otepka also spoke to gatherings at the homes of Birch So-

oriety activists and to a large meeting of 700 to 800 persons in the auditorium of another

in the auditorium of another ultra-conservative organization the Flick-Reedy Education Enterprises in Bensenville, Ill.

There is no apparent illegality in Mr. Otepka's acceptance of the legal fees. But he has been a figure of controversy in the past and thus the legal fees and the question of his association with Birch members may become a matter of dismay become a matter of dismay become a matter of dispute if the Senate Judiatary Committee proceeds with its tentative plan to hold a confirmation hearing on his nomination after the Easter recess.

## Links to Birch Events

An investigation showed that Mr Otepka's association with Birch members has been considerable over the last several

Last summer he attended the Last summer he attended the four-day annual God, Family and Country rally in Boston organized by Birch Society leaders. The rally chairman is Col. Laurence E. Bunker, a member of the Birch National Council.

Gordon D. Hall, the lecturer Gordon D. Hall, the lecturer and authority on extremist groups, said he had seen Mr. Otepka autographing glossy, 8 by 10 inch photographs of himself beside the fund's display booth in the Statler-Hilton Hotel, where the rally was held. Mr. Hall said that another eye witness had told him that Mr. Bunker had formally introduced Mr. Otepka to an

assembly of the participants in the rally.

Medford Evans, book review editor for the Birch Society magazine and managing editor of the segregationist White Citizens Council wekly, said that Mr. Otepka had taken a modest part in two political seminars at the rally.

Mr. Otepka declined to dis-cuss his appearances at the homes of Birch Society activists on the grounds that these were "private activities." He contended that the large gathering at the Flick Reedy auditorium had also been a "private meeting."

## No "Ideological" Discussion

Asked if he was aware of the Birch Society membership of his hosts on these occasions and at the Boston rally, Mr. Otepka said, "I am not going to discuss the ideological orientation of processing the same of the sa tation of anyone I am associated with."

He gave a similar answer when asked about the Birch Society Associations of Mr. Stewart, are American Defense Fund head.

Mr. Otepka would not say why he had given the talks, but he maintained that "I have

but he maintained that "I have at no time engaged in any activities to solicit funds."

In his struggle to win reinstatement, Mr. Otepka has received \$22,000 from the fund and \$4,500 to \$5,000 from sources he would not disclose.

He was originally dignissed.

He was originally dismissed in 1963 for passing classified documents to the Internal Secu-rity Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee with-out authorization.

out authorization.

After lengthy hearings, former Secretary of State Dean Rusk formally reprimanded him in December of 1967 and demoted him to what Mr. Otepka called a "clerical job" that paid about \$5,000 less than the \$20,585 he drew as a security investigator. investigator.

He is now on leave without pay. The position on the sub-versive activities board pays \$36,000.

Mr. Otepka said he had gone to the Boston rally because he and his wife like the "seashore air" and he happened to be in the city on vacation. He said he did not remember autographing any photographs and would not

say if he had participated in the seminars.

Mrs. Harold N. McKinney, a Birch Society chapter leader who is the rally's executive secretary, said Mr. Otepka had come as an invited guest.

She said she had known Mr. Otepka before he had been suspendd in 1963 and that he had been "very helpful" in arranging for speakers at meetings in the Boston area.

Colonel Bunker, former aide de camp to the late Gen. of the Army Douglas MacArthur, said the rally was not a Birch So-

ciety activity and was just a gathering of conservatives, but Mr. Evans said "at least half the people there were John Birchers" and while the rally was not an official function of the society "there is a lot of overlap."

are official Birch Society fronts, including the anti-civil rights
Truth About Civil Turmoil
Committee. Others are independent ultraconservative or ganizations, including the anti-Semitic magazine, The Ameri-

Semitic magazine, The American Mercury.

Julius Butler, a Birch Society chapter leader in Oak Brook, Ill., said Mr. Otepka had spoken to groups "of 15 to 20 or 30 or 40 people" at Mr. Butler's home four or five times over the last several years. "He comes here whenever he comes to Chicago," Mr. Butler said.

Mr. Butler said that in addition to explaining his dispute with the State Department, Mr. Otepka also talks about treason in high places in Washington "and all the other horrible things that are taking place."

He said Mr. Otepka never said these

place."

He said Mr. Otepka never solicited money at any of these gatherings but that Mr. Stewart might have occasionally mentioned how much the fund had collected for Mr. Otepka up to that date.

Among other activities, Mr. Butler was an original member of the Emergency Committee

of the Emergency Committee
Against Having Soviet Spies in
Chicago, created in early 1967
to oppose the consular treaty
with the Soviet Union.
He said in a telephone con-

versation that he was now con-cerned with the "unconstitu-tional" use of "welfare funds "to support illegitimate chil-

dren" and with the Federal Reserve banking system. "It's illegal," he said.

Jay Klopfenstein, the chief

organizer of the antispy committee and a Birch chapter leader in Evanston, Ill., said he had heard Mr. Otepka speak twice in the last several years, twice in the last several years, once at the Flick-Reedy auditorium and gain to a gathering at the home of a "friend" in Glencoe, Ill. He said Mr. Otepka had struck him as "a very capable, cold analyzer of subversives."

He said he had not particularly been impressed with Mr. Otepka's oratorical talents, "but I wouldn't expect a subversive

he occasions at receptions at Birch
r. Society book stores, when the
national council was meeting
in the Chicago area.
Mrs. McKinney, the rally's
executive secretary, said she
executive secretary, said she
executive secretary, said she
in Mr. Stewart in one endeavor
it or another "for years."
Last Sunday Mr. Stewart appeared on the Chicago television program of Dean Clarence
the Manion, another Birch National
to Council member, and praised
tr. President Nixon's nothination
o- of Mr. Otepka. "but I can't vouch for y assistant director of the "edua- cational" program of the Flick- St
is Reedy organization. Frank rein Flick, the president of the ocFlick-Reedy Electronics CorSolictor, has cooperated with in
a Birch Society leaders in poin litical endeavors.

Mr. Stewart was a speaker has
at the annual Boston rally in Mr.
step and has set up an exhibition booth for the fund there
tion booth for the fund there
in the years since.

Colonel Bunker, the Birch side
as National Council member who Mr.
In organizes the rally, said he Colonel
"would assume" that Mr. Pr.
Stewart is a member of the so- of formerly the "eduthe Flickn. Frank
t of the
nics Corated with
rs in posaid he had school for the children of ultra cational" private circular conservative families in his Reedy or on Mr. Stewar accentant was taught in Flick, the veral modest junior kindergarten.

Mr. Stewart, a 39-year-old poration, hiser, a Birch advertising executive of Pala-Birch Societon, nor deny whether he was a droom component of the Birch Society.

Mr. Stewart and heard Mr. member of the Birch Society.

An or an order an order and the ann of 30 or 40 tion," he said, "because it is 1965 and his tion booth in the said and the stew times." short-lived private elementary a school for the children of ultra-conservative families in his larea. German was taught in of principal fin

said 1

analyzer to be a good speaker."
Mr. Klopfenstein said subsequently received o

Resaid he does subscribe to in the said he does subscribe to in the said he does of other ultra- Ne well as to those of other ultra- Ne right organizations because "I or am in accord with their en- "y a deavors." chapter leader in Deerfield, and chapter leader in Deerfield, and other Chicago bedroom community, said he had heard Mr. Otepka speak "a few times" "To "small groups of 30 or 40 tiopeople" at the homes of friends. If He confirmed that one occasion was at the home of Jay R. Bis Sheesley, a wealthy Glencoe we resident who is a fund raiser rig subsequently received ciletters of appeal from Mr. art and made several m contributions. the Mr.