### THE NEW YORK TIMES, THURSDAY, APRIL 3, 1969

# Defense Attacks Doctor's View That Sirhan Was Not Legally Ill

## By DOUGLAS ROBINSON

California, began at mid-day.

Defense attorneys were planning to rely primarily on a confidential report that Dr. Pollack gave the prosecution several months ago, in which the psychiatrist allegedly said that Sirhan was too mentally ill to have premeditated the death of Senator Kennedy. Dr. Pollack is said to have changed his mind.

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Grant B. Cooper, the chief defense lawyer, began questioning Dr. Pollack in a gentle manner, asking him to define once again such psychiatric terms as "psychotic," "grandiose delusions" and "schizophrenic paranoid."

Observations by Laymen

Mr. Cooper got Dr. Pollack to agree that if a person is not "severely disturbed," it is difficult for a lay person to recognize schizophrenia. The psychiatrist then conceded that the basis of many of his conclusions as to Sirhan's mental state before, during and after the shooting had come from everywitnesses.

'No Psychotic Reasons'

"He revealed no psychotic giasons for killing Senator Kendedy," Dr. Pollack told the court. "There waw nothing crazy about his planning."

The psychiatrist, a short man with a florid face, dismissed earlier testimony that the defendant was in a self-hypnotic trance at the time of the shooting. He said Sirhan was "in the brief seconds before he killed the Senator and in the brief seconds after the shooting."

Had Sirhan been in a"an altered state of consciousness." the basis of many of his con-clusions as to Sirhan's mental state before, during and after the shooting had come from

the shooting had come from eyewitnesses.

He reminded the attorney, however, that he had also interviewed members of the defendant's family.

Mr. Cooper then read from the confidential report to the district attorney's office, in which Dr. Pollack said that because the defendant's "reliability and credibility are questionable," his inferences about Sirhan's mental state "are drawn from witnesses."

Under continued questioning, Dr. Pollack said he regarded the testimony of laymen more valid psychological testing.

Dr. Pollack, who sipped water frequently, appeared almost frightened. He had displayed a confident manner while testifying for the prosecution.

Earlier, in telling the court that Sirhan had demonstrated

By DOUGLAS ROBINSON

Special to The New York Times

LOS ANGELES, April 2—The defense in the murder trial of Sirhan B. Sirhan began an intensive effort today to undermine the testimony of a psychiatrist who contends the defendant was not mentally ill when he killed Senator Robert F. Kennedy.

The cross-examination of Dr. Seymour Pollack, a professor at the University of Southern California, began at mid-day.

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