Misjudged Nixon motives, say Cox, Richardson

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Richard Nixon's reluctance to release the White House Elliot Richardson, say in hindsight they had misjudged Massacre, the two principal victims, Archibald Cox and WASHINGTON - One year after the Saturday Night

"My original premise was that his (Nixon's)most important objective was to achieve some compromise that son, the former attorney general, said in an interview. would resolve the issue of the subpoenaed tapes," Richard-

Three had no regrets as to their positions at the time, and the fourth was sorry only that he had not "gone public" Four of the principals of the last year's massacre were interviewed on the anniversary of the explosive incident. sooner than he did.

"I gave a good deal of thought during subsequent weeks to whether I might have averted the firing of Cox, came eventually to the conclusion that it could not have William D.) Ruckelshaus and myself," Richardson said. "I and also averted the resignations of (Deputy Atty. Gen.

> was to get rid of Mr. Cox. "I came to that conclusion, really, only after several months when I decided the only way you could account for the events of that week was on the basis that the President had determined from the out set that what he really wanted

volved being forced back, stop by step, never yielding any mroe ground than he could prevent." "At any rate, he (Nixon) chose a strategy which in-

prosecutor earlier that day had publicly refused to abandon his court battle to obtain the secret White House tapes. It was the evening of Oct. 20, 1973, that an angered Nixon ordered Cox fired because the special Watergate

proceedings and eventually to Nixon's resignation Aug. 9. public protest which led directly to House impeachment The firing, achieved only after Richardson and Ruckelshaus left office in protest, precipitated a "firestorm" of

where he is teaching this year, said he might have fought more vigorously for the subpoenaed materials had he real ized Nixon's true intentions. Cox, interviewed at Cambridge University in England

> ply it voluntarily," he said. Richardson that they (the White House) were going to sup-"I was under the impression from Attorney General

started getting out the subpoenas quicker." "If I had felt this was not so, I suppose I would have-

mass departures from the Department of Justice." consented to fire Cox that night, and to stay on, "too see that there was no disarray in the executive branch and no U.S. Solicitor General Robert H. Bork said he finally

the solicitor general's job. B. Saxbe was sworn in last January. He then returned to Bork remained as acting attorney general until William

sisted on a meeting with Nixon about the tapes earlier that week "so he could have seen first hand, so he could have the whole problem." heard first hand from his attorney general how he viewed Ruckelshaus said that looking back, he would have in-

gret over their positions that fateful Saturday night a year Neither Cox, Richardson nor Ruckelshaus expressed re-