The Weather

Today—Cloudy with a 30 per cent chance of rain tonight. High in the upper 70s, low in the lower 60s. Wednesday—Mostly cloudy, chance of rain, high in the 70s. Yesterday's tone care, 22.59. Details, Page C4.

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Ford Defends Pardoning of Nixon, Calls Evidence of Guilt 'Persuasive'



President Ford: Nixon pardon

'created more antagonism than I anticipated."

Reversal Of Early Position

Still Weighing Haig, terHorst Replacements

By Carroll Kilpatrick Washington Post Staff Writer

President Ford, vigorously defending his pardon of former President Nixon as in the best interests of the nation, nevertheless said last night that Mr. Nixon's acceptance of a pardon could be construed as an admission of guilt.

The fact that members of the House Judiciary Committee unanimously agreed that Mr. Nixon was guilty of an impeachable offense 'is very persuasive evidence," Mr. Ford said in a televised news conference.

The statements constituted a reversal of arguments Mr. Ford made as Vice President that he did not believe the former President was guilty of an impeachable offense.

an impeachable offense.

At the second press conference of his administration, where 14 of the 21 questions dealt with the pardon or related issues. Mr. Ford also declared that his predecessor had been "shamed and disgraced" by his resignation.

Although the President accepted the tough questioning in good spirit, the intensity of the probing indicated the hon-

Although the President accepted the tough questioning in good spirit, the intensity of the probing indicated the honoximon with the press was broken if not shattered. But Mr. Ford maintained his composure throughout. He joked when asked who his next press secretary would be by calling for volunteers, and smiled when he found none.

He said he hoped to name soon a successor to J. F. ter-Horst, who resigned in protest against the Nixon pardon.

Mr. Ford also said he expected to name a successor to Alexander M. Haig Jr. as White House staff chief. Haig yesterday was named commander of American forces in Europe, and commander of Europe and commander of

The President emphatically denied that he made a deal with the former President on

the pardon issue.
When asked if there had been such an arrangement, he replied:

There was no understanding no deal, between me and the former President, nor be-tween my staff and the staff of the former President—none whatsoever."

As he did yesterday with his decision on an offer of clemency for Vietnam war deserters and draft evaders, Mr. Ford insisted that he was thinking primarily of the nation's health and how to heal old wounds when he pardoned

old wounds when he pardoned Mr. Nixon.

He conceded that the pardon "created more antagonism than I anticipated," but he said that his "top priority" was the health of the nation.

Toking down the mation.

Looking down the road, he said, the view of a former President "in the dock" and charged with a criminal offense would have left unhealed wounds that have healed wounds that have "festered too long."

See PRESIDENT, A15, Col. 1

PRESIDENT, From A1.

"I had no secret reason." for issuing the pardon, Mr. Ford declared in answer to the news conference's first ques-

In a brief opening statement In a brief opening statement, noting the beginning of the Jewish new year. (Rosh Hashanah) and, its emphasis on examining the deeds of the past year. Mr. Ford seemed to be explaining his position on the pardon. He said that the record of the past year does not have to be endlessly relieved, but can be transformed by commitment, new insights and new actions in the year to and new actions in the year to

Mr. Ford also said he had no inside information on the former President's health when

he made his decision. He question without any reserva-would not disclose what infortion." mation he has since received on the health question.

ness in American society" caused by two years of Water-gate so that public officials and others could concentrate on he domestic and foreign

issues. As long as the divisions continued he said, responsible officials could not give their to-tal attention to the nation's business. Therefore, he argued that in the long run his par-don decision was right.

The President insisted that he was still committed to building an open and candid

on the health question.

The main concern he had in eventual control of his tapes issuing the pardon. Mr. Ford and papers, Mr. Ford said they repeatedly emphasized, was to will be available, under subend the turmoil and divisive poena for any criminal mass. Defending the decision to ding."

to retain whatever papers to come out of my administra-lid tion," he said.

In replying to a question

about the possibility of a de-pression, the President said the country does not face that threat

"We do have the problem of inflation," he said. "We do have related problems, and we're going to come up with some answers that I hope will solve the problems." solve those problems. We are not going to have a depres-sion."

The announcement of Haig's appointment was made in Washington and Brussels prior to the President's news conference.

Haig is a former Army vice chief of staff who retired from military service last year after taking over as White House staff chief at the height of the Watergate controversy. He succeeded President Nixon's staff chief, H. R. (Bob) Haldeman, who resigned under fire.

The general's appointment as European commander has been expected for several weeks, and it was opposed by some American diplomats as well as by some NATO mem-

Haig, 49, will succeed Gen. Andrew J. Goodpaster as NATO chief on Dec. 15. but will assume command of American troops Nov. 1. He is expected to leave his White House post at the end of this

week for a vacation.

The President's choice of Haig was approved unani-mously by NATO's defense planning committee in Brus-sels yesterday, shortly before the White House announcement.

The planning committee adopted a resolution expressing "lasting gratitude for Gen. Goodpaster's distinguished service." and Mr. Ford extended his appreciation to Goodpaster "for a job well done.

Haig a four-star general be-His staff is working with the force his retirement last year, special prosecutor's staff to al. will be restored to active duty leviate any concerns it may by presidential order. His aphaye concerning agrees it the maintenance of the same concerning agrees.

leviate any concerns it may have concerning access to the lapes, the President said.

He said that he agreed some time ago to give his congressional and vice presidential papers to the University of Michigan.

"I have no desire personally leaked out that Haig was unforced accessional whatever papers does not require. Senate confirmation.

Shortly after Mr. Ford became President, he said through a spokesman he had asked Haig to remain in his post "for the duration," but shortly thereafter word leaked out that Haig was unforced in the latest and the proposition of the leaked out that haig was unforced in the latest and the proposition of the latest and the latest and the proposition of the latest and the proposition of the latest and the lates

papers der consideration for the ninistra. European assignment.
The White House said then that the general had expressed a desire to return to the army.

Although Haig repeatedly denied rumors of a conflict be-tween the old Nixon staff, which he headed, and the Ford staff, reports persisted of friction between the groups.

Haig was a leading figure in former president Nixon's de-fense during the Watergate controversy, and he was ac-cused by critics of acting in a political role contrary to that

of a professional soldier.

A native of Philadelphia, Haig is a graduate of the U.S. Military Academy.
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