The Justices' Comments: Few Clues

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WASHINGTON, July 9 ---Every lawyer or reporter exposed to the Supreme Court for the first time gets the same.

own peril.

high court, as two Watergate on the case

More than 150 times during to make a major point in his own favor or feeding him a valuable precedent that he has overlooked.

In the last category, for President's lawyer: Leon Jawas.

In the last category, for about," Justice Powell obassistant, with a question or a comment.

Different Approaches

of potential clues, a Court hold to form his own views.

sential of judicial behavior.

They tend to balance their privilege for judges." out aternatively the strengths replied gratefully. and weaknesses of an arguing Associate Justice Lewis F. attorney's case.

By WARREN WEAVER Jr. Predicting Outcome set of questions indicating doubt about the basic White of a Case Is Often a Perilous Task

But that sound principle is appearance of bias and focus been charged by the Water-widely ignored when a case of sharply on the weak points in gate grand jury's cover-up ingreat political and legal sig- an argument, often revealing in dictment but not yet proved.

nificance comes before the the process how they will vote Ruf at another point lustice.

information - even exists.' watcher could rarely be sure though it is not mentioned in

ance of impartiality is an es-lan express constitutional pro-less. Mr. Brennan said: vision to spell out an absolute

Powell, a Nixon appointee who case?" Others like to adopt the could cast a deciding vote in devil's advocate approach, quest the Watergate cases, asked one this case," Mr. St. Clair re-

House position, then indicated sympathy with the President on another issue.

Conceding that the executive sage counsel: Anyone who tioning with asperity a lawyer tries to predict the outcome of a case by interpreting the Justices' questions and comments from the bench does so at his others, most notably the record for Supreme Court own peril.

privilege claimed by Mr. Nixon was based on "the preservation of candor in discussions between the President and his closest aides," Justice Powell asked Mr. St. Clair, "What public interest is there in preserving secrecy with respect to a criminal conspiracy?"

The White House lawyer reserving serving serving secrecy with respect to a criminal conspiracy?" privilege claimed by Mr. Nixon

On occasion, a Justice will whether permitting a grand issues did yesterday, and the come to the rescue of a found-jury to name any President as interest in the arguments on leading question that forces him might not tend to shackle a

President's lawyer; Leon Jaworski, the special Watergate Prosecutor, or Philip Lacovara, his

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President Nixon's lawyer with power is vested in him: With an illustration of his conten-grand juries sitting all over tion that an absolute privilege the United States, and occamay exist for certain kinds of sionally you find a politically public officials - such as a motivated prosecutor-that's a But, faced with this surfeit Presidential privilege to with rather far-reaching power if it

Associate Justice William J. whether a given Justice on a the Constitution at all.

specific occasion was advancing his own views, concealing Justice observed, "you have reluctant to tell a lawyer he his own views or merely trynot mentioned in your arguing to get enough information must be helding of this contagree with him. When ing to get enough information ment the holding of this Court Mr. St. Clair charged that leavin Pierson v. Ray, where the ing the President's name on the Some of the Justices ob- Court had no diffculty in con- indictment would involve the viously believe that the appear-cluding that it did not require Court in the impeachment proc-

"You have not convinced me that we are drawn into it by questions carefully, bringing "That's right," the lawyer deciding this case. How are we drawn into the impeachment proceedings by deciding this

"Any decision of this Court has ripples," Justice Brennan observed.

Associate Justice Potter Stewart left little doubt of his lack of sympathy for the White House contention that the courts have no power to referee a dispute between the President and his direct governmental subordinate, Mr. Jaworski.

"Hasn't your client dealt himself out of that argument by what has been done in the creation of the special prosecutor?" he inquired, referring to the independence of the office.

Justice Douglas also took outspoken exception to the St. Clair argument that by ruling on the Watergate cases the high court would be intervening in the legislative process of impeachment and thus violating the principle of separation of powers.

"Well, if we are just adjunct of the House Judiciary Committee," Mr. Douglas said, "this care should be dismissed, shouldn't it?"

Mr. St. Clair at first agreed with Justice Douglas. Then, being informed that dismissal would leave standing the Federal District Court order requiring the President to surrender the White House tapes, he reversed himself.

Associate Justice Thurgood Marshall went so far on one occasion as to press the President's lawyer into conceding that he could lose part of his case. The questioning involved the existence of an absolute executive privilege shielding Presidential communications.

"If we can't find it in the Constitution," Mr. Marshall inquired, "what happens to your argument?"

"Well, I would suggest you should find it in the Cosntitution," Mr. St. Clair responded, "and it need not be explicit. It can well be implied."

"My question is," Justice Marshall continued, "if we can't find it, what happens to your argument?"

"If you cannot find it?" the

lawyer asked.

"Yes, sir," the Justice said.
"Then, if your honor please,"
Mr. St. Clair concluded, "that
portion of the argument is lost
as far as this court is concerned."