The President Is Not Above the Law

In baseball, the pitcher does not also get to call balls and strikes. In school, the student does not grade exams. And in law, no man can be a judge in his

Even the President of the United States is not exempt from that basic rule. If he were, the President could murder his wife and then order the ice not to collect. then order the Internal Revenue Serv-Or he could refuse to pay taxes, and Justice Department not to prosecute.

and the Watergate Special Prosecutor. It also lies at the heart of his dispute with Judge Gerhard Gesell in the Ellschallenging them. That is the nub of his fight over the White House tapes with the House Judiciary Committee may seem, President Nixon is now But elementary as these principles

berg break-in case.
The Judiciary Committee is the committee is to determine whether in a duly authorized impeachment agent of the House of Representatives hearing. The first responsibility of the peachment to be drawn up against Mr. there is probable cause for a bill of im-

quest for evidence, the committee sub poenaed tapes of scores of conversa-tions between the President and his gathering evidence. To that end, the committee has been As part of the

> Instead of the tapes, the President has given over transcripts which the White House edited from the tapes. But it happens that the Judiciary Committee had a number of tapes which Prosecutor's office. turned over to the Watergate Special the White House had previously

has been comparing copies of the edited transcripts with the actual tapes. The result has been an overwhelming sense of discrepancy. The committee scripts. to have been dropped from the tranthe transcripts differ from the tapes staff has found over 100 cases where In several cases, major matters seem For the past week, the committee

Some of the tapes being withheld refer to the most obviously germane activities of the Committee for the Re-election of the President. That tape refer to the most obviously germane questions. For example, one tape the might establish that the President and his aides had advance knowledge of the crudest Watergate crime—the acstaff laid out the intelligence-gathering Gordon Strachan of the White House White House will not yield covers a discussion on April 4, 1972, in which tual break-in at Democratic headquar-

scripts "inadequate" and "unsatisfaccounsel John Doar has called the trantory." Most of the committee members Not surprisingly, the committee

seem to agree that the transcripts are judge of the evidence in his own case. The President is, in effect, saying that he—not the committee—is the best House refuses to honor the subpoena. not the best evidence. Still, the White

nent to his investigation. terial in pursuit of several areas perti-Prosecutor, Leon Jaworski. Mr. Jaworhas arisen with the Watergate Special ski is also seeking tapes and other ma-An almost exactly parallel situation

sion which-out of respect for the moved to quash the subpoena in a sescourt for a subpoena. The White House rights of various defendants—was be-After being refused, he went to

St. Clair argued against the subpoena on the grounds that Mr. Jaworski, as an employee of the Executive Branch, did not have the authority to go against the President. Thus, Mr. Nixon, ing held in camera.

The general impression is that Mr. in effect, claimed to be the prosecutor

As to the Ellsberg break-in case before Judge Gesell, the two major defendants—former White House aides the President in the interests of national security. They have asked, as part of their defense, for access to their own White House files. in his own case. John Ehrlichman and Charles Colson —argue that they acted on orders of

Judge Gesell felt the request might

House is resisting the subpoena. be justified and moved to subpoena the their possible relevance. But the White resistance is that the files involve nafiles so that he could inspect them as The ostensible reason offered for the

tional security matters. In fact, one suspects that the President would like out because the best evidence is case against them should be thrown to hold up the material so that two of his former aides could argue that the

available. stakes. He is claiming that he-not what constitutes relevant evidence. in a case where he has high personal ident is asserting his right to be judge Judge Gesell—is the true arbiter of Once again, in other words, the Pres-

and merely include the President's action in the bill of particulars on im-The appropriate remedies for the disposing of these issues vary. The Jupeachment. The other two cases ought to go to the Supreme Court—and the impeachment, should avoid the courts sert its primacy and get on with the diciary Committee, which needs to as

sooner the better.

For no one should let complexity and sophistry obscure the issue. The the president is above the law. gument of tyranny—the argument that lawyers are nakedly asserting the ar basic fact is that the President and

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