Contributors in Standby Corps

By Jack Anderson

The White House has secretly appointed wealthy campaign contributors to the standby corps, which would help run the country in case of war

The fatcats, selected more for their political generosity than their executive ability, have been forced upon a reluctant National Defense Executive Reserve.

This is an elite reserve outfit of 3,600 private executives, who would immediately step into top defense jobs in 19 federal agencies if war should break out.

The White House tried to line up the most prestigious jobs for business executives who had contributed heavily to President Nixon's 1972 campaign. Or. as a confidential White House memo put it, there is "considerable potential opportunity to reward deserving Nixon executives with an NDER appointment."

The memo, addressed to presidential assistant Dan Kingsley, stated that the Office of Emergency Preparedness was quite willing to accept the campaign donors. Both the director, George Lincoln,, and his deputy. Darrell Trent, "concur and are ready to start," declared the memo.

There was hesitation, however, from OEP official Margaret Cates, who insisted on choos- speculate whom the survivors Hays, with a broad smile, told us White House memo implied presidency. cautiously that pressure could be brought on her.

"Although not a political appointee, Mrs. Cates appears games. He doesn't want to aployal and is under the direction pear to be crowding the Presi-of Darrell Trent," said the dent as he gets closer to an immemo. The implication was that peachment vote in the House. Trent could get her to comply.

The memo directed that the Nixon contributors placed in a unit, unless their

The only cautionary note appears to have been scrawled on the memo by Bill Horton, a forsonnel czar Fred Malek.

"Are thise positions sufficiently prestigious so that the candidates feel recognized?" asks the note. Apparently the answer was affirmative, for Ms. told us forcefully, to restore Cates shortly got about 100 public confidence in the gov-Nixon campaign contributors to place.

She thinks she accepted about Nixon appointees, for the proin, she added. She also pointed out that the jobs are non-paying,

parlor game within President a couple days earlier, not now,

ing qualified executives The will be if Ford moves up to the

Ford has ordered his aides and pleaded with his friends, please, to stop the guessing

Still, the speculation goes on. One powerful Cabinet member, "must be who for obvious reasons doesn't want to be identified, told us he qualifications just don't meet has already decided upon his the necessary requirements." own course in case Ford replaces Mr. Nixon in the White House.

The Cabinet officer will demer aide to White House per-liver a letter of resignation to President Ford and will urge the new President to accept the resignation of everyone in the White House and Cabinet.

> A clean sweep is essential, he ernment.

Washington Whirl-Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger dia-20, the most qualified of the led Rep. Wayne Hays (D-Ohio) the other morning to return a gram, sho told us. The White two-day-old phone call. Sources House referrals are still coming privy to the incident say Hays answered in a sleepy voice: "Hello, honey." When he discov-Ford's . Future-Much to the ered it was Kissinger calling, embarrassment of Vice Presi, the acerbic Hays snorted that he dent Gerald Ford, the favorite had wanted to talk to Kissinger Nixon's official family is to Then the phone went dead

the story was "apocryphal" . . . Sen. Lowell Weicker (R-Conn.) is steaming over the failure of President Nixon to answer his letter of Feb. 5 posing 11 key questions on Watergate. A White House spokesman told us merely that the President was tied up on other matters . . . President Nixon and Rep. Clarence Brown (R-Ohio) put on a big show recently of investigating the tornado damage to southern Ohio. What they didn't mention was that Brown had helped to kill a bill last year that would have given the tornado victims a \$2500 forgiveness on federal loans and a three percent interest on the balance. When the bill was passed over Brown's opposition, the President vetoed it . . . A supposedly imartial \$120,000 study of the controversial U.S. Information Agency will be conducted. by Walter Roberts who, aston-. ishingly, just resigned as associate director of the agency he will now investigate. He was chosen to investigate his own previous performance by the Center for Strategic and International Studies, which sees no conflict in the selection.

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